TERMS OF THE GLOBE.

Per annum in advance.....$2 00
Six months.....1 00
Three months.....50

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

	1 insertion.	2 do.	3 do.
One square, (10 lines,)or less,$	75	$1 25	$1 50
Two squares,	1 50	2 00	3 00
Three squares,	2 25	3 00	4 50

	3 months.	6 months.	12 months.
One square, or less,	$4 00	$6 00	$10 00
Two squares,	6 00	9 00	15 00
Three squares,	8 00	12 00	20 00
Four squares,	10 00	15 00	25 00
Half a column,	15 00	20 00	30 00
One column,	20 00	35 00	60 00

Professional and Business Cards not exceeding six lines, One year.....$5 00
Administrators' and Executors' Notices,.....$2 50
Auditors' Notices,.....2 00
Estray, or other short Notices,.....1 50

☞Ten lines of nonpareil make a square. About eight words constitute a line, so that any person can easily calculate a square in manuscript.

Advertisements not marked with the number of insertions desired, will be continued till forbid and charged according to these terms.

Our prices for the printing of Blanks, Handbills, etc. are reasonably low.

The Globe.

WM. LEWIS, HUGH LINDSAY, Publishers. —PERSEVERE.— TERMS, $2,00 a year in advance.

VOL. XXIII. HUNTINGDON, PA., WEDNESDAY, MAY 20, 1868. NO. 44.

Professional & Business Cards.

DR. A. B. BRUMBAUGH,
Having permanently located at Huntingdon, offers his professional services to the community.
Office, the same as that lately occupied by Dr. Luden on Hill street. apl0,1866

DR. JOHN McCULLOCH, offers his professional services to the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity. Office on Hill street, one door east of Read's Drug Store. Aug. 28, '65.

R. ALLISON MILLER,
DENTIST,
Has removed to the Brick Row opposite the Court House. April 13, 1859.

E. J. GREENE,
DENTIST.
Office removed to Leister's New Building, Hill street, Huntingdon. July 31, 1867.

J. A. POLLOCK,
SURVEYOR & REAL ESTATE AGENT,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
Will attend to Surveying in all its branches, and will buy and sell Real Estate in any part of the United States. Send for circular. dec29-tf

WASHINGTON HOTEL,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
The undersigned respectfully informs the citizens of Huntingdon county and the traveling public generally that he has leased the Washington House on the corner of Hill and Charles street, in the borough of Huntingdon, and he is prepared to accommodate all who may favor him with a call. Will be pleased to receive a liberal share of public patronage. AUGUSTUS LETTERMAN.
July 31, '67–tf.

R. McMURTRIE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office on Hill street. HUNTINGDON, PA.
Prompt attention will be given to the prosecution of the claims of soldiers and soldiers' heirs, against the Government. au22,1866

AGEENCY FOR COLLECTING SOLDIERS' CLAIMS, BOUNTY, BACK PAY AND PENSIONS.
All who may have any claims against the Government for Bounty, Back Pay and Pensions, can have their claims promptly collected by applying either in person or by letter to
W. H. WOODS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
aug12,1863 HUNTINGDON, PA.

LAW AND COLLECTION OFFICE
OF
K. ALLEN LOVELL,
District Attorney of Huntingdon County,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
OFFICE—In the Brick Row, opposite the Court House. jan.1.1867

JOHN SCOTT, SAMUEL T. BROWN, JOHN M. BAILEY
The name of this firm has been changed from SCOTT & BROWN, to
SCOTT, BROWN & BAILEY,
under which name they will hereafter conduct their practice as
ATTORNEYS AT LAW, HUNTINGDON, PA.
PENSIONS, and all claims of soldiers and soldiers' heirs against the Government, will be promptly prosecuted. May 17, 1865–tf.

MILTON S. LYTLE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
Will attend promptly to all kinds of legal business entrusted to his care.
COLLECTIONS made with the least possible delay.
Special attention given to CONVEYANCING in all its branches, such as the preparation of Deeds, Mortgages, Leases, Bonds, Articles of Agreement, &c.
All questions relating to
LAND TITLES IN PENNSYLVANIA
carefully considered.
He will also ascertain for land owners who their lands are patented and obtain
PATENTS
for those who may desire them. apl'68

A. C. CLARKE, AGENT,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of
SEGARS & TOBACCO,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
Opposite the Franklin House, in the Diamond.
Country trade supplied. ap17'68

LEWIS RICHTER,
Boot and Shoe Maker.
I guarantee entire satisfaction in Fit, Style, Material and Workmanship, and a saving of 25 per cent. on prevailing prices. Shop one door east of Johnston & Watson's store, Huntingdon, Pa. mh11-6m

JUNIATA
STEAM PEARL MILL,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
THIS MILL is a complete success in the manufacture of FLOUR, &c. It has lately been thoroughly repaired and is now in good running order and in full operation.
The burrs and choppers are new and of superior quality—cannot be excelled. And we are gratified to know that our work has given entire satisfaction to our customers, to whom we tender our thanks.
We have in our employ one of the best millers in the county, and a faithful and capable engineer. Thus equipped and encouraged, we are determined to persevere in our efforts to accommodate and please the public, hoping thereby to merit and receive a liberal share of patronage to sustain us in our enterprise for the public interest.
Market price paid for the different kinds of grain on delivery.
Flour and Chop, on hand, for sale.
JOHN K. McCAHAN & SON.
Huntingdon, Nov. 20, 1867

THE GLOBE
JOB PRINTING OFFICE.
THE "GLOBE JOB OFFICE" the most complete of any in the country, and possesses the most ample facilities for promptly executing in the *best* style, every variety of Job Printing, such as
HAND BILLS,
CIRCULARS,
BILL HEADS,
POSTERS,
BALL TICKETS,
CARDS,
PROGRAMMES,
BLANKS,
LABELS, &C., &C., &C
CALL AND EXAMINE SPECIMENS OF WORK, LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY & MUSIC STORE.

GOOD NEWS FOR MOTHERS.
Mothers, are you oppressed with anxiety for your little ones? Are your slumbers and hearts broken by their cries? Do you awake in the morning unrefreshed and apprehensive? If so, procure at once a bottle of Dr. Leon's Infant Remedy and you will have no more weary hours of watching and anxiety.

DR. LEON'S INFANT REMEDY,
Has stood the test of years. Thousands of nurses and mothers bear witness that it never fails to give relief if used in season. It is a mild, yet sure and speedy cure for Colic, Cramps and Windy Pains, and is invaluable for all complaints incident to Teething.
Sold by Druggists throughout the United States. Address all orders to
ZIEGLER & SMITH,
SOLE PROPRIETORS,
no.27.1y No. 137 Nth. Third Street, Philad'a.

FASHIONABLE GOODS
FOR
SPRING AND SUMMER WEAR.
GEO. F. MARSH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
FOR MEN AND BOYS,
Have removed to the store room on the corner of the Diamond, opposite Lewis' Book Store, where he intends to keep constantly on hand the latest styles of Ready made Clothing and piece goods, comprising
AMERICAN, ENGLISH AND FRENCH
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, AND VESTINGS.
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, AND VESTINGS.
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, AND VESTINGS.
Being a practical workman of many years experience he is prepared to make to order Clothing for men and boys, and guarantee neat, durable and fashionable work manship. He is determined to please everybody.
☞All are invited to call and examine my new stock of beautiful patterns before purchasing elsewhere
mch25 GEO. F MARSH.

FIXED FACTS INDELIBLY IMPRESSED will always triumph over simple assertions.
Thus it is that this community gives testimony in favor of the well known establishment of
H. GREENBERG,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
HILL STREET, HUNTINGDON.
Whilst it is not his purpose to deceive the public by clamoring "low prices and better goods" than other dealers, he simply invites all who wish to purchase in his line of business to call and satisfy themselves that with him a patron once gained is never lost, that is, "the proof of the pudding is in the tasting of it."
He has just received his winter supply of
READY MADE CLOTHING,
FOR MEN AND BOYS.
He has also a large assortment of the most substantial and fashionable
Hats, Caps, Gents' Furnishing Goods,
of every description, and made up from the best material.
Always on hand the finest quality of American, English and French CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and VESTINGS, which are made up to order by good, experienced workmen, in a manner the most fashionable and enduable.
No eastern city can afford a better or more varied style of goods than can be found in my selection.
Huntingdon, Nov. 13, 1867. H. GREENBERG, Merchant Tailor.

NEW
LEATHER STORE.
THE undersigned would respectfully announce that, in connection with their TANNERY, they have just opened a splendid assortment of
FINE LEATHER,
Consisting in part of
FRENCH CALF SKIN,
KIP,
MOROCCO,
LININGS,
BINDINGS,
SOLE,
UPPER,
HARNESS,
SKIRTING, &C.,
Together with a general assortment of
FINDINGS.
The trade is invited to call and examine our stock, Store on HILL street, two doors west of the Presbyterian church.
The highest price paid for HIDES and BARK.
C. H. MILLER & SON.
Huntingdon, may 1, 1867

CUNNINGHAM & CARMON
HAVE
CARPETINGS,
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,
For Sale at Wholesale Prices,
SUCH AS, ALL WOOL
INGRAIN,
VENITIAN,
COTTAGE,
STAIR,
HEMP,
RAG, &c.
Huntingdon, April 15, 1868.

NOTICE TO ALL.
HILL STREET MARKET,
OPPOSITE THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK.
R. G. MORRISON respectfully informs the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity that he continues the meat market business in all its various branches, and will keep constantly on hand
Fresh Beef, Pork, Pudding and Sausage, salt Beef and Pork, Canned Fruit and Vegetables, Spices of all kinds, Catsups and Sauces, Teas, Soaps, Cheese, Salt Lard, &c, &c.,
All of which he will continue to sell at reasonable prices
The highest prices paid for hides and tallow. Thomas Colder, at Alexandria, and March & Bro., at Coffee Run, are my agents to purchase at their places.
Thankful for past patronage, I solicit a continuance of the same.
Huntingdon, Oct. 30, 1867. R. G. MORRISON.

FULLAWAY'S ALL-HEALING and STRENGTHENING SALVE.
J. FULLAWAY will introduce, at his own expense, his All-Healing and Strengthening Salve, a sovereign remedy for lame back, local rheumatism, pain in the side and breast, fresh wounds, bruises, sprains, weakness in the joints, crick in the back, old sores, frosted feet, swellings, numbness, ague in the face and breast, cracked hands, biles, corns on the feet, and occasional sores of most kinds to which the human family is subject.
☞For sale at Lewis' Family Grocery.

FOR THE LADIES.
A superior article of Note Paper and Envelope suitable for *confidential* correspondence, for sale at
LEWIS' BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.

A LARGE VARIETY of articles too numerous to mention, for sale at LEWIS family Grocery. Call and see.

THE BEST QUALITY OF FRESH MACKEREL at *CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.*

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS
AND
Hoofland's German Tonic.
The Great Remedies for all Diseases of the LIVER, STOMACH, OR DIGESTIVE ORGANS.
HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS
Is composed of the pure juices (or, as they are medicinally termed, Extracts,) of Roots, Herbs, and Barks, making a preparation highly concentrated, and entirely *free from alcoholic admixture of any kind.*
HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC,
Is a combination of all the ingredients of the Bitters, with the purest quality of *Santa Cruz Rum*, Orange, &c., making one of the most pleasant and agreeable remedies ever offered to the public.
Those preferring a Medicine free from Alchoholic admixture, will use
HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS.
Those who have no objection to the combination of the bitters, as stated, will use
HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC.
They are both equally good, and contain the same medicinal virtues, the choice between the two being a mere matter of taste, the Tonic being the most palatable.
The stomach, from a variety of causes, such as Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Nervous Debility, etc., is very apt to have its functions deranged. The Liver, sympathizing as closely as it does with the stomach, then becomes affected, the result of which is that the patient suffers from several or more of the following diseases:
Constipation, Flatulence, Inward Piles, Fullness of Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fulness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried or Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a lying posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, etc., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil, and Great Depression of Spirits.
The sufferer from these diseases should exercise the greatest caution in the selection of a remedy for his case, purchasing only that which he is assured from his investigation and inquiries possesses true merit, is skilfully compounded, is free from injurious ingredients, and has established for itself a reputation for the cure of these diseases. In this connection we would submit those well known remedies—
HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS,
AND
HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC,
Prepared by DR. C. M. JACKSON,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.
Twenty-two years since they were first introduced into this country from Germany, during which time they have undoubtedly performed more cures, and benefited suffering humanity to a greater extent, than any other remedies known to the public.
These remedies will effectually cure Liver Complaint, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Chronic or Nervous Debility, Chronic Diarrhœa, Diseases of the Kidneys, and all Diseases arising from a disordered Liver, Stomach, or Intestines.
DEBILITY,
Resulting from any Cause whatever; PROSTRATION OF THE SYSTEM, induced by Severe Labor, Hardships, Exposure, Fevers, &c.
There is no medicine extant equal to these remedies in such cases. A tone and vigor is imparted to the whole system, the appetite is strengthened, food is enjoyed, the stomach digests promptly, the blood is purified, the complexion becomes sound and healthy, the yellow tinge is eradicated from the eyes, a bloom is given to the cheeks, and the weak and nervous invalid becomes a strong and healthy being.
PERSONS ADVANCED IN LIFE,
And feeling the hand of time weighing heavily upon them, with all its attendant ills, will find in the use of this BITTERS, or the TONIC, an elixir that will instill new life into their veins, restore in a measure the energy and ardor of more youthful days, build up their shrunken forms, and give health and happiness to their remaining years.
NOTICE.
It is a well established fact that fully one half of the female portion of our population are seldom in the enjoyment of good health; or, to use their own expression, never feel well. They are languid, devoid of all energy, extremely nervous, and have no appetite.
To this class of persons the BITTERS, or the TONIC, is especially recommended.
WEAK AND DELICATE CHILDREN,
Are made strong by the use of either of these remedies. They will cure every case of MARASMUS, without fail.
Thousands of certificates have accumulated in the hands of the proprietor, but space will allow of the publication of but a few. Those, it will be observed, are men of note and of such standing that they must be believed.

TESTIMONIALS.
HON. GEORGE W. WOODWARD,
Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Pa., writes:
Philadelphia, March 18, 1767.
"I find Hoofland's German Bitters' is a good tonic, useful in diseases of the digestive organs, and of great benefit in cases of debility, and want of nervous action in the system.
Yours, truly, GEO. W. WOODWARD."
HON. JAMES THOMPSON,
Judge of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.
Philadelphia, April 28, 1866.
"I consider 'Hoofland's German Bitters' a *valuable medicine* in case of attacks of Indigestion or Dyspepsia. I can certify this from my experience of it. Yours, with respect, JAMES THOMPSON."
FROM REV. JOSEPH H. KENNARD, D. D.,
Pastor of the Tenth Baptist Church, Philadelphia.
Dr. Jackson—Dear Sir: I have been frequently requested to connect my name with recommendations of different kinds of medicines, but regarding the practice as out of my appropriate sphere, I have in all cases declined; but with a clear proof in various instances and particularly in my own family, of the usefulness of Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters, I depart for once from my usual course, to express my full conviction that, *for general debility of the system, and especially for Liver Complaint, it is a safe and valuable preparation.* In some cases it may fail; but usually, I doubt not, it will be very beneficial to those who suffer from the above causes.
Yours, very respectfully,
J. H. KENNARD,
Eighth, below Coates St.
FROM REV. E. D. FENDALL.
Assistant Editor Christian Chronicle, Philadelphia.
I have derived decided benefit from the use of Hoofland's German Bitters, and feel it my privilege to recommend them as a most valuable tonic, to all who are suffering from general debility or from diseases arising from derangement of the liver.
Yours truly, E. D. FENDALL.

CAUTION.
Hoofland's German Remedies are counterfeited. See that the signature of C. M. JACKSON is on the wrapper of each bottle. All others are counterfeit.
Principal Office and Manufactory at the German Medicine Store, No. 631 ARCH Street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.
Charles M. Evans, Proprietor,
Formerly C. M. JACKSON & CO,
PRICES.
Hoofland's German Bitters, per bottle, $1 00
" " " half dozen, 5 00
Hoofland's German Tonic, put up in quart bottles $1 50 per bottle, or a half dozen for $7 50.
☞Do not forget to examine well the article you buy, in order to get the genuine.
For sale by all Dealers in Medicine.
April 22, '68–lyeowly.

The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

SQUANDERED LIVES.

The fisherman wades in the surges;
The sailor sails over the seas;
The soldier steps bravely to battle:
The woodman lays axe to the trees.

They are each of the breed of the heroes,
The manhood attempted in strife;
Strong hands that go lightly to labor,
True hearts that take comfort in strife.

In each is the seed to replenish
The world with the vigor it needs—
The centre of honest affections,
The impulse to generous deeds.

But the shark drinks the blood of the fisher;
The sailor is dropped in the sea;
The soldier lies cold by his cannon;
The woodman is crushed by his tree.

Each prodigal life that is wasted
In many achievements unseen,
But lengthens the days of the coward
And strengthens the crafty and mean.

The blood of the noble is lavished
That the selfish a profit may find;
God sees the lives that are squandered
And we to His wisdom are blind.

FROM WASHINGTON.

THE IMPEACHMENT.

What Chief Justice Chase Said.

WASHINGTON, May 11, 1868.

The doors were closed at 10.20 o'clock.

The doors having been closed, the Chief Justice stated that in compliance with the desire of the Senate he had prepared the questions to be addressed to Senators upon the articles of impeachment, and that he had reduced his views to writing, which he read:

The Chief Justice arose and addressed the Senators as follows:

Senators, in conformity with what seemed the general wish of the Senate when it adjourned on last Thursday, the Chief Justice, in taking the vote on the articles of impeachment, will adopt the mode sanctioned by the practice of the cases of Chase, Peck, and Humphreys. He will direct the Secretary to read the several articles successively, and after the reading of each article will put the question of guilty or not guilty to each Senator, rising in his place—the form used in the trial of Judge Chase: "Mr. Senator ——, how say you, is the respondent, Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, guilty or not guilty of a high misdemeanor, as charged in this article?"

In putting the questions on articles fourth and sixth, each of which charges a crime, the word "crime" will be substituted for the word "misdemeanor." The Chief Justice has carefully considered the suggestion of the Senator from Indiana [Mr. Hendricks], which appeared to meet the approval of the Senate, that in taking the vote on the eleventh article the question should be put on each clause, and has found himself unable to divide the article as suggested. The articles charge several facts, but they are so connected that they make but one allegation, and this charges as constituting one misdemeanor the first act charged, for instance, that the President publicly declared in August 1868, that the 39th Congress was a Congress of only parts of the States, and not a constitutional Congress, intending thereby to deny its constitutionality to enact laws or propose amendments to the Constitution, and this charge seems to have been made as introductory, and as qualifying that which follows, namely: That the President, in pursuance of this declaration, attempted to prevent the execution of the tenure of office act by contriving and attempting to contrive means to prevent Mr. Stanton from resuming the functions of Secretary of War, after the refusal of the Senate to concur in his suspension; and also by contriving and attempting to contrive means to prevent the execution of the appropriation act of March 2, 1867; and also to prevent the execution of the rebel States governments act of the same date.

The gravamen of the article seems to be that the President attempted to defeat the execution of the tenure of office act, and that he did this in pursuance of a declaration which was intended to deny the constitutional competency of Congress to enact laws or propose constitutional amendments, and by contriving means to prevent Mr. Stanton from resuming his office of Secretary, and also to prevent the execution of the reconstruction act in the rebel States. The single substantive matter charged is the attempt to prevent the execution of the tenure of office act and the other facts alleged, as introductory, and exhibiting his general purpose, or as showing the means contrived in furtherance of that attempt. This single matter, connected with the other matters previously and subsequently alleged, is charged as the high misdemeanor of which the President is alleged to have been guilty.

The general question of guilty or not guilty of high misdemeanor, as charged, seems fully concurred in as charged, and will be put to this article as well as to the others, until the Senate direct some mode of division. In the tenth article the division suggested by the Senator from New York [Mr. Conkling], may be more easily made. It contains a general allegation to the effect that on the 16th of August, and on other days, the President, with intent to set aside the rightful authority of Congress and bring it into contempt, uttered certain scandalous harangues and threats and bitter menaces against Congress, and the laws of the United States enacted by Congress, thereby bringing the office of President into disgrace, to the great scandal of all good citizens, and sets forth in three distinct specifications the harangues, threats, and menaces complained of in this respect to the several specifications; and then the question of guilty or not guilty of high misdemeanors as charged in the article can also be taken. The Chief Justice, however, sees no objection in putting general questions on this article, in the same manner as the others; for whether particular questions be put on the specifications or not, the answer to the final question must be determined by the judgment of the Senate whether or not the acts alleged in the specifications have been sufficiently proved, and whether, if sufficiently proved, they amount to a high misdemeanor within the meaning of the Constitution.

On the whole, therefore, the Chief Justice thinks that the better practice will be to put the general question on each article, without attempting to make any sub-division, and will pursue this course if no objection is made. He will, however, be pleased to conform to such directions as the Senate may see fit in the matter.

Mr. Sumner, after this statement, moved on order that the question should be put by the Chief Justice as proposed, and that each Senator should rise in his place and without debate or explanation, answer to each article "guilty," or "not guilty," which order was adopted. The articles of impeachment were then, about eleven o'clock, taken up for consideration, and an opportunity given for an expression of opinion.

Mr. Sherman was the first speaker. He had his views but partly written out, and did not confine himself to manuscript. He said he could not vote for the first article, that charging high crime in the removal of Mr. Stanton, for the same reason, as he had expressed while the act was under discussion, that he did not believe Mr. Stanton's case covered by its provisions. He held that under the act of 1789 the President had authority to make the removal, and that it had not in this particular case been taken from him by the tenure-of office act. He announced, however, that in his judgment the President had grossly and willfully violated the law, and far transcended his powers in appointing General Thomas as Secretary *ad interim*, and had thereby rendered himself liable to impeachment by the House, and punishment by the Senate. He spoke briefly on the other articles, and on the whole indicated that while he should certainly vote against the first article, he would vote for the second and third, and perhaps others.

Mr. Stewart was the second speaker, and took strong ground in favor of conviction on all the principal articles.

Mr. Grimes was the third speaker. He has been reported for acquittal for some days, and the truth of this report had been learned by everybody who took proper means of inquiry. There was great interest, however, in hearing what he would say, and when he had occupied the allotted fifteen minutes, there was a general request that he should read his whole opinion. Mr. Grimes began with the consideration of the President's power of removal of the heads of departments under the Constitution, quoting many authorities to show that his power was not denied or abridged by the passage of the tenure-of-office act. He then passed over the question of the constitutional validity of that act, and took up the discussion of whether Mr. Stanton's case came within its provisions. He did not consider the Secretary of War either within the first section of the act, or the proviso, and quoted the declarations of Mr. Schenck and Mr. Sherman in the debate on the passage of bill in March, 1867, to sustain the theory. He thought Mr. Stanton held office under the pleasure of the President alone, under the act of 1789, and that the President could remove him. He did not think there was any distinction between the power of the President to remove in the recess and his power to remove during the session of the Senate, an officer who held solely by his pleasure.

Taking up then the second article, he said the temporary designation of a person to discharge the duties of an office until the office could be filled was made legal by the act of 1795, which he is satisfied has not been repealed by that of 1863. But even if he thought otherwise, Mr. Grimes said he should be unable to convict the President of a crime in such a temporary appointment, not doubting that the President acted in good faith, and believed he was acting within the laws. He dismissed the conspiracy articles very briefly, as he did the eighth and ninth articles. He then took up the question of intent, saying he had no doubt that the President thoroughly believed the tenure-of-office act unconstitutional and void, and that he was advised of its unconstitutionality by Mr. Stanton and other members of his Cabinet, and Mr. Grimes thought it not strange that under the circumstances the President should doubt or question its scope. He held, however, that the Stanton case was not included in the provisions of this act, and that therefore the questions of intent need not be considered, as the President had done no lawful act. But even if he were included, the guilty intent was not such as warranted the judgment demanded by the house.

The Senator went on to say that if the President might not in this way make a case for the courts to pass upon, the complete supremacy of Congress over all other branches of the government was established, and he was no believer in such doctrine.

Mr. Grimes turned off the remaining articles in a few words, and closed as follows:

"I express no views upon any of the questions upon which the President has been arraigned at the bar of public opinion outside of the charges. I have no right to travel out of the record. Mr. Johnson's character as a statesman, his relations to political parties, his conduct as a citizen, his efforts at reconstruction, the exercise of his pardoning powers, the character of his appointments, and the influences under which they were made, are not before us on any charge; nor can I suffer my judgment of law governing this case to be influenced by political considerations. I cannot agree to destroy the harmonious working of the Constitution for the sake of getting rid of an unacceptable President. Whatever my opinion of the incumbent, I cannot consent to trifle with the high office he holds. I differ widely with the President respecting his political views and measures, and I deeply regret the difference between him and Congress, but I cannot in my judicial capacity record my vote that he is guilty of high crimes and misdemeanors."

Senator Edmunds was the next speaker. He drew up the tenure-of-office act, had entire charge of it before the Senate, and was thoroughly conversant with its intent and meaning. There was consequently great curiosity to hear his opinion on the case now prosecuted. He spoke nearly an hour, reading entirely from manuscript very carefully prepared. He said at once that the charges specified in the first, second and third articles were clearly proved, and the only question to consider was whether they constituted high crimes and misdemeanors. He found that the President's duties were all defined in the Constitution, and the chief of these is, he shall see that the laws are faithfully executed and shall execute them by such means and such means only as are provided in the laws themselves. The President could not rightfully violate law in order to enforce it, and could only use the power of appointment in the manner fixed by the legislative department of the government, and could not accomplish legal purposes by illegal means. From these premises Mr. Edmunds argued that the President's course in removing Stanton and appointing Thomas was not only illegal, but so grossly illegal as to constitute a high crime. He could not support any of the conspiracy articles, but should vote for the first three.

Mr. Williams was the fifth speaker. He reached about the same conclusion as Mr. Edmunds had. He would vote for the first, second and eighth articles, and left the impression on the minds of his associates that he might also vote for some others.

Mr. Howe followed, with a brief statement of his conclusions, which it was found did not materially differ from those of Mr. Sherman. He would not vote for the first article, but would support the second and third and part of the eleventh article, if it were divided.

Mr. Hendricks was the first speaker on the Democratic side of the chamber. He spoke from notes, but had no written opinion. He of course took ground against the whole thing. Such of the allegations of the House as rested on documentary evidence he admitted were proved, but if everything charged were admitted, he held that there was no guilty intent, and therefore no case. He would vote against every article, and charged that impeachment, if carried at all, would be carried as a partisan measure, and not as a measure of justice.

Mr. Pomeroy and Mr. Morrill, of Maine, followed, and indicated that they would vote for all the principal articles, but against that about the President's speeches and that resting on the evidence of General Emory.

At this point a recess of fifteen minutes took place, and during the time there was much comparing of notes among impeachment men inside and outside the Senate. It was generally admitted that the case against the President began to look doubtful, but all said that it was not yet time to give it up, though Wade and Wilson said there did not appear to be much chance of conviction. There was talk about postponing the vote from to-morrow till some time next month, but the proposition did not seem to be considered with general favor.

Mr. Doolittle was the first Speaker after recess. He followed Mr. Hendrick's views, and made a forcible and eloquent speech against the body of the articles.

Mr. Davis took an extreme Democratic position in relation to the matter, and of course will vote not guilty every time his name is called, whether it be to-morrow or at some future day.

Mr. Henderson came to the floor next, and his statement was of such a character as to bring upon him the wrath of every impeachment man about the Capitol. He had been assumed entirely without warrant, it appears, that he would vote with his colleague for all the principal articles and his name was so marked down by all who had not taken pains to inform themselves as to his position. He read a carefully prepared opinion of no great length, taking ground that the tenure-of-office act did not apply to Stanton's case, as he had not been appointed by Mr. Johnson, and had only held office by the President's assent since the close of Lincoln's term. He did not think it necessary to discuss the question of intent, because no law had been violated. He said he had no sympathy with the President's political course, but could not decide the question now in issue on party grounds. He indicated that he would vote against the principal articles, but as he said nothing particularly about the 11th, his Missouri friends try to flatter themselves that he will at least vote for it.

Mr. Dixon and Mr. Johnson then spoke in the order named, both declaring that there was no case against the President. The latter had a very long and elaborate paper, going over all the points in issue, but only part of it was read to-day. It will all be printed in the report of the trial.

Mr. Trumbull next stated his opinion. He had been counted by the outsiders as sure to vote for two or three articles, but this count it also appears was not well founded, for the Senator made a strong speech against the first and second articles, which are the basis of the whole case. He said the act of 1789 creating the War Department, gave the President power to remove its head, and this power was in no way affected till the passage of the tenure-of-office act. He held that this act did not apply to Mr. Stanton, for he was not included in the general part of the first section of this act, because all Cabinet Ministers are specially fixed by proviso thereto, and Mr. Stanton, though Secretary *defacto*, is not covered by the proviso because the term of his appointment expired with the end of Mr. Lincoln's first term. The law could not accommodate itself to the circumstances of any individual.

The Senator spoke chiefly on the first two articles, reading his views on the first at some length. He indicated generally that he could not vote for any of them, saying questions must be determined from a judicial and not from a personal standpoint.

Mr. Fessenden was the last speaker of the afternoon session, and spoke at more length than any other Senator, treating the whole question presented by the House with much fullness, and declaring against every article.—At this time, viz: about half past five, a recess took place till half past seven. During this interim there was great excitement in all political circles, and the condition of affairs was discussed in terms neither cool nor polite. Charges were freely made against Republican Senators who had declared for acquittal, and the Chief Justice was pretty roundly berated for his course from the beginning of the trial.

The evening session lasted till 11 o'clock. It was not very fully attended, several leading Senators being out of their seats. It had been arranged, as it seems, that the floor should not be taken by any of the so-called doubtful Senators, in order that they might have an opportunity for further reflection before committing themselves. The speakers were Mr. Buckalew against, Messrs. Conness, Wilson, Barlan and Morton for conviction.—The argument of the latter gentlemen is very highly praised by all his associates, and seems to have rather cheered the hearts of the most despondent, though of course it will not affect the vote of any one who spoke this afternoon.

At the close of the discussion a proposition was submitted to postpone the taking of the vote, but it went over for action to-morrow, when session begins at half past eleven. There is much feeling among Republican members of the House, particularly among those from Iowa, Illinois and Missouri, and it is reported that Henderson and Trumbull are to be visited by their Congressional associates in the morning. A considerable number of Senators are in favor of postponing the vote on the articles for three or four weeks, but it does not look to-night as if this proposition could be carried.

Of the Senators who have not yet spoken, Messrs. Anthony, Corbett, Frelinghuysen, Upton, Van Winkle and Willey are regarded as more or less doubtful.

Adjournment till Saturday.

May 12.—On the Senate being called to order, Mr. Edmunds proposition to rescind the order fixing the hour of voting to-day came up. Mr. Chandler stated Mr. Howard's condition, and asked for postponement till Saturday, which was carried, and the Senate as a court adjourned till Saturday, when, although it was not regularly ordered, the general understanding was that a vote would be taken.

A PARIS STORY.—Paris, which is always relating strange stories, sends us one of a Twelfth Night fete. In dividing the ring cake, a lady of the company requested that her share should be given to the poorest boy that could be found. Not far from the house was discovered an urchin, trembling with cold and hunger. He was brought into the aristocratic mansion and received his slice of cake. Strangely enough, in his piece was found the prize, which made him king. On being told to choose his Queen he picked out the lady to whom he was indebted for his good luck, without being aware that she had relinquished her right in his favor. He was asked how he happened to select her, and replied that it was because "she looked the most like mother." Further inquiry brought out the fact that he was the child of the lady, had been stolen from her in infancy, and at that moment had her portrait in a locket upon his neck.

☞Two physicians are attending a rheumatic patient of Bloomington, Indiana, and the local paper asserts that Dr. Miller's side of the man is getting along very well, but the other in charge of Dr. Turner has not been heard from.

☞A gentlemen presented a lace collar to the object of his adorement, and, in a jocular way, said "Do not let any one else rumple it." "No, dear," said the lady, "I will take it off."

☞The sweetest girls in the West—the Molasses.

☞The salad of the solitary man is, lettuce alone.

TO SUBSCRIBERS.

Those subscribing for three, six or twelve months with the understanding that the paper be discontinued unless subscription is renewed, receiving a paper marked with a † before the name will understand that the time for which they subscribed is up. If they wish the paper continued they will renew their subscription through the mail or otherwise. tf.

☞All kinds of plain, fancy and ornamental Job Printing neatly and expeditiously executed at the "Globe" office. Terms moderate.

The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Wednesday morning, May 20, 1868.

WM. LEWIS, HUGH LINDSAY, } EDITORS.

OUR CANDIDATES:

FOR PRESIDENT,

U. S. GRANT.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

A. G. CURTIN.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL,

GEN. JOHN F. HARTRANFT,

OF MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL,

GEN. JACOB M. CAMPBELL,

OF CAMBRIA COUNTY.

☞"We have local pride enough *always* to give our preference to a man from our own county."—*Journal & American.*

How was it when Mr. D. had the nomination of "our own county."

☞The New York *Commercial Advertiser's* dispatch refers to the resignation of Col. Forney as follows:

Col. Forney has resigned his position as Secretary of the Senate, objections having been made to his editorial comments on the course of Senators in reference to impeachment. This is a triumph for Cameron, but Forney calculates on his election as United States Senator from Pennsylvania, by the next Legislature of his State.

☞There was a stirring time in the Methodist General Conference at Chicago, over the resolutions denouncing the President, on Wednesday last. Although it was apparent that a very large majority of the Conference was in sympathy with the spirit of the resolution, yet it was finally decided to lay them on the table because they were deemed too purely political in their character, and because such action would be in questionable taste on the part of a religious body.

☞Chief Justice Chase was called upon in Washington by a Committee of the Citizens Conservative Association of Pennsylvania, who tendered him the nomination of President of the United States. The Chief Justice Chase replied that his position forbade him from entering in politics; but he felt he was the servant of the people, and should they call him to preside for four years over the destiny of our country, he doubtless would feel it his duty to comply. This new move has created a great deal of comment in political circles at Washington.

THE CONVENTION.—The Republican National Convention meets in Chicago on Wednesday, to-day, the 20th. Grant will be nominated for President, but who the successful candidate for the Vice Presidency will be, it is impossible just now to guess. The contest is warm. Up to Saturday Wade's chances appeared to be the best, but the acquittal of President Johnson will be a heavy loss to Mr. Wade. We hope for the nomination of the best and strongest men, with a platform upon which they can stand and be elected. Grant and Curtin can carry this State without a platform.

☞The "organ" editors don't want us to be recognized as members of the Grant and Curtin party. This is cool impudence on their part, especially as facts show that we coaxed them into the support of Grant, and whipped them into the support of Curtin. If they will behave themselves, we will not object to their supporting our candidates. We have no desire to read them out—we want their votes. A very few votes may elect our ticket. All the candidates to be nominated we expect to be our friends, and we want them elected. We don't want to hear of any reading out until the election is over.

Not Guilty.

In another column we give Saturday's proceedings of the High Court of Impeachment. On the 11th Article, proposed by Mr. Stevens, the President was declared "Not Guilty"—yeas 35, nays 19—seven Republicans voting with the Democrats and Conservatives, defeating a two-third vote in favor of conviction. Of course there is much denunciation of the Republican Senators voting "Not Guilty." They are responsible to their God and to their constituents for the vote they gave. They were acting as jurymen under oath to do justice. We have no right to question their honesty until we know they were not true to their oaths.

☞A dispatch from Chicago, says: "Since the acquittal of President Johnson, Wade is losing strength as a candidate for nomination for the Vice Presidency."

After all, is it not possible that the several candidates for the Vice Presidency, and their friends, had a heavy hand in the game played in the High Court on Saturday last. Mr. Wade in the Presidential chair to-day, with thousands of fat offices and millions of government patronage at his disposal, could have knocked the other aspirants before the Chicago Convention higher than a kite. If seven Republican votes were necessary and were secured to defeat Mr. Wade, could not more have been secured to vote the same way if their votes had been necessary to keep him out of the Presidential chair.

FEMALE VOTING.—Mrs. R. S. McConaughy, the able editress of the Clayton (Del.) *Herald*, gives the following reason for being opposed to woman suffrage:

"For years we have made politics our study, not only for our own satisfaction, but that we might be better able to instruct our boys, who will some day have the right to vote, and perhaps to govern. We have been (if we may be so allowed to speak), behind the scenes, and have seen the workings of politics, not only in one but both political parties. We have seen men who, in all other things, have seemed honest and upright, stoop to employ intrigue and deception to carry out their own ends, and help the party they belong to and believe to be right, to gain the ascendency. In politics they seem to think all things fair, whether it squares with the Bible or not. Taking men as our example, and having seen the effect politics has on them, it is our opinion it will not add anything to the dignity, modesty, or purity of women, but will tend very materially to degrade the sex. Give woman the right to vote, and how long will it be before she will want an office, and being ambitious like man, will she not use any and every means—even intrigue and deception—to gain power?"

We think the editress has given one of the best reasons that could be adduced in opposition to woman suffrage. She confesses she has been "behind the scenes and seen the workings of politics." That is all that is necessary to convince any one of the present evil tendency of politics upon men, and can we expect any thing better of woman? Placed in the same situation, they would be led to do what man is now guilty of, and for that reason, women should be excluded from the political sphere. We acknowledge that much good would be done in certain directions, if women were allowed to vote; but we cannot think of the fair creatures turning politicians, stumping the County and State as political speakers, button-holing young men, old men, girls and women when they happen to be candidates, or engaging in the mean tricks of the political intriguer. Anything but that. Mrs. McConaughy closes the article as follows:

"If she would make her mark in the world, our advice is to do it within the sanctuary of home, where it will be seen and felt, and not by wishing to take upon herself the peculiar prerogatives of men. If woman but understood her whole duty, and conscientiously carried it out, might not a great deal of the corruption against which all have so much to say, not only in politics, but in many other things, be avoided? Let woman rest contented in the sphere in which God has placed her, which is not only separate and distinct from man's, but superior to it, and than which there is none greater."

Pendleton Repudiated.

The New York *Citizen*, edited by Col. Halpine, is the recognized organ of the War Democrats. That journal speaks out thus of the gentle Pendleton:

"We say distinctly, positively and unchangeably as the laws of the Medes and Persians, that never will those for whom we speak, help directly or indirectly, by assertation or silence, by action or idleness the election of the utter copperhead and false hearted Northerner, George H. Pendleton. Until the water runs up hill, until trees grow with leaves under-ground and roots above, until the moon gives heat and the sun loses its fire, until beasts become men and angels turn to devils, until ice shall burn and fire shall freeze, until every thing that is impossible becomes possible, and not then, will War Democrats vote for the man who was false not only to his country, but to his section, who was conspicuous only as a degrading example of possible Northern meanness, and who, by his indirect support to their foes, slew their sons and brothers. Rather a thousand times, would they see the loyal soldier and moderate Republican, General Grant, in the Presidential chair, a person who, if not agreeing with them in all their views is much more nearly their representative than a man whose prudence kept him from being a traitor."

☞Some of the leading New York Democrats are giving out the Democratic platform to be presented at their National Convention on the 4th of July. According to their story, the planks are these: The first is a declaration against human slavery; the second, a declaration that the Confederate debt is void; third, that the National debt is to be paid exactly as prescribed by law; fourth, for qualified manhood suffrage, to be controlled by the States. Upon this basis they say they are sure a great party can be built up, that shall not only gather nearly all the Democratic strength to itself but also secure large conservative Republican support. They also say that they are looking for the most available candidates to run on such a platform.

General Grant's Opinions.

NEW YORK, May 13.—Among the letters read before the Anti-Slavery Society this morning was one from C. E. Moss, dated Washington, May 19, which says:

"General Grant is working hard with his friends to secure conviction. He says Johnson's acquittal will result in bloodshed. His opinions ought to influence Republican Senators to remove the only obstacle in the way of peace.

"General Grant the past week has declared himself in favor of universal suffrage, and declares that must be the ruling idea of his administration, if elected in 1868."

☞Our neighbors of the *Journal & American* went fishing last week without bait. They nominated Mr. Morrell *and* Mr. Scott for Congress. Wade out—the P. O. is not yet "to let."

THE VERDICT.

"NOT GUILTY."

Fessenden, Fowler, Grimes, Henderson, Ross, Trumbull and Van Winkle, Republicans, vote with the Democrats, and defeat conviction.

WASHINGTON, May 16, 1868.

At 12 m. the Chief Justice assumed the Chair, and called the court to order. In the meantime Managers Stevens, Bingham and Logan and Mr. Evarts, of the counsel for the President, had entered and taken their places. Mr. Conkling, Mr. Grimes, and Mr. Howard, were present, making a full Senate.

The following is the vote on the adoption of an order to take the vote on the eleventh article first:

Yeas—Messrs. Anthony, Cameron, Cattel, Chandler, Cole, Conkling, Conness, Corbett, Cragin, Drake, Edmunds, Ferry, Frelinghuysen, Harlan, Howard, Howe, Morgan, Morrill, (Me.) Morrill, (Vt.) Morton, Nye, Patterson, (N. H.) Pomeroy, Ramsey, Sherman, Sprague, Stewart, Sumner, Thayer, Tipton, Wade, Williams, Wilson, and Yates—34.

Nays—Messrs. Bayard, Buckalew, Davis, Dixon, Doolittle, Fessenden, Fowler, Henderson, Hendricks, Johnson, McCreery, Norton, Patterson, [Tenn.] Ross, Saulsbury, Trumbull, Van Winkle, Vickers, and Willey—19.

Senator Johnson inquired whether the order of Senator Williams was debatable.

The Chief Justice replied that it was not.

Senator Johnson said that he would like to make a remark on it.

Senator Conness objected.

The question was then put on taking up Senator Williams' order for action, and it was decided—yeas, 34; nays 19.

Senator Wade voted for the first time, and voted in the affirmative.—Senator Grimes was not then present.

The question was then taken on adopting the order, and it was carried by the same vote—yeas 34; nays 19.

While the vote was being taken the members of the House of Representatives were announced as at the bar of the Senate. They entered headed by Mr. Washburne, of Ill., and attended by their clerk and door-keeper.

Most of the members had proceeded them, and had taken seats on the floor of the Senate Chamber and in the galleries.

Senator Fessenden rose to make a motion to postpone the vote for an hour on account of the absence of Senator Grimes, but on being informed that the Senator was in the Capitol, he did not make the motion.

Mr. Grimes immediately afterwards came into the chamber and took a seat in one of the side aisles.

Mr Edmunds then submitted an order to the Senate. That the Senate do now proceed to vote on the articles according to the rules of the Senate.—Agreed to.

The Chief Justice rising, said: The Chief Justice desires to admonish the citizens and strangers in the galleries that absolute silence and perfect order is required. It will be a subject of infinite regret if any violation of the rules of the Senate will precipitate the execution of the published order, that the persons guilty of disturbance will be immediately removed.

Then addressing the Senators, the Chief Justice said:—Senators, in conformity to the order of the Senate, the Chief Justice will now proceed to take the vote on the 11th article, as directed by the rule.

The first name on the roll, that of Senator Anthony, being called, that Senator arose in his place, and the Chief Justice, also standing, addressed to him this formula:—Mr. Senator Anthony, how say you? is the respondent Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, guilty or not guilty of a high misdemeanor, as charged in the article?

Senator Anthony responded *Guilty*, and so the vote went on until all the Senators had responded, the vote standing 35 to 19, as follows:

VOTING GUILTY.

Anthony, R. I.;	Morrill, Vt.;
Cameron, Pa.;	Morton, Indiana;
Cattell, N. J.;	Nye, Nevada;
Chandler, Mich.;	Patterson, N. H.;
Cole, California;	Pomeroy, Kansas;
Conkling, New York;	Ramsey, Minnesota;
Conness, California;	Sherman, Ohio;
Corbett, Oregon;	Sprague, Rhode Island;
Cragin, N. H.,	Stewart, Nevada;
Drake, Mo.;	Sumner, Massachusetts;
Edmunds, Vt.;	Thayer, Nebraska;
Ferry, Conn.;	Tipton, Nebraska;
Frelinghuysen, N. J.;	Wade, Ohio;
Harlan, Iowa;	Willey, W. Virginia;
Howard, Mich.;	Williams, Oregon;
Howe, Wisconsin;	Wilson, Massachusetts;
Morgan, N. Y.;	Yates, Illinois—35.
Morrill, Maine,	

VOTING "NOT GUILTY."

Bayard, Delaware;	*Johnson*, Maryland;
Buckalew, Pennsylvania;	*McCreery*, Kentucky;
Davis, Kentucky;	NORTON, Minnesota;
DIXON, Connecticut;	*Patterson*, Tennessee;
DOOLITTLE, Wisconsin;	ROSS, Kansas;
Fessenden, Maine;	*Saulsbury*, Delaware;
Fowler, Tennessee;	Trumbull, Illinois;
Grimes, Iowa;	Van Winkle, W. Virginia;
Henderson, Missouri;	*Vickers*, Maryland—19
Hendricks, Indiana;	

[Radical Republicans in Roman; Conservative Republicans in SMALL CAPS; and Democrats in *Italics*.]

Immediately on the declaration of not guilty on the eleventh article, Mr. Williams moved an adjournment to Tuesday, 26th inst.

Mr. Hendricks claimed it to be out of order.

The chair so decided.

Mr. Drake appealed from the decision of the chair, and it was overruled—yeas 34, nays 20.

At 1 o'clock Mr. Creery moved to adjourn without a day. Lost—yeas 6; nays 47.

Mr. Henderson moved to adjourn to July 1st. Lost, yeas, 20; nays, 34.

The motion to adjourn to Tuesday, 26th inst., was then carried—yeas, 32; nays, 51—and the Court then adjourned.

THE VICE PRESIDENCY.—The New York correspondent of the Hartford *Courant* writes as follows: Mr. Greely would like to see Schuyler Colfax put on the ticket with Grant. He is now, however, of the opinion that ex-Governor Curtin, of Pennsylvania, whom he by no means dislikes, will receive the nomination. He expresses the belief that Curtin's nomination will be a good stroke of policy to make a sure thing of the Keystone State, and that, inasmuch as the State election in Pennsylvania comes off a month prior to the Presidential, the prestige and potency of Curtin's name will be desirable to secure the restoration of the State, and hence a powerful influence on the other States in the Presidential contest.

The Articles of Impeachment.

Much has been said about the separate articles of impeachment presented, and in order to advise our readers correctly of their import we reproduce them to-day, so that whenever the result of the vote is known they can at once refer to them. The following is a synopsis of the articles:

Article I declares that the President issued an order for the removal of Stanton from the office of Secretary of War, the Senate then being in session, intending thereby to violate the Tenure of Office act.

II charges that the President, there being no vacancy in the War Office, authorized General Thomas, in writing, to act as Secretary *ad interim*, the Senate then being in session, and with intent to violate the Tenure act and the Constitution.

Article III is like the second, except that it alleges that the President *appointed* Thomas Secretary of War without the advice and consent of the Senate, and without authority of law, and with the intent to violate the Constitution.

Article IV alleges that the President conspired with Thomas and other unknown persons to prevent Stanton, by threats, from acting as Secretary of War, thereby violating the conspiracy act of July, 1861, and the Constitution.

Article V charges that the President conspired with Thomas and others to prevent the execution of the Tenure act; and that in pursuance of this conspiracy, he and they attempted to hinder Stanton, by unlawful means, from acting as Secretary of War.

Article VI alleges that the conspirators intended by force to get possession of the public property in the War Department, contrary to the Conspiracy act of July 1861, and with the purpose of thus violating the Tenure act.

Article VII is very much like Article VI, merely adding that the conspiracy to get possession of the property in the War Office was formed with the intent to violate the Tenure act, omitting all allegations as to the act of July, 1861.

Article VIII declares that the *ad interim* appointment of Thomas was made with the intent on the part of the President to control the military appropriations for the War Department in an illegal manner, intending thereby to violate the Tenure act.

Article IX charges that the President on the 22d of February, 1868, instructed Gen. Emory (the commander of the troops in Washington) that the act of March, 1867, which requires all military orders to be given through Gen. Grant, was unconstitutional; and that the President tried to persuade Emory to disregard this law and receive orders directly from him.

Article X relates to the speeches made by the President at Washington in August, 1866, about Congress hanging on the verge of the Government, and St. Louis, in the following September, while "swinging around the circle."

Article XI charges that the President declared in a speech at Washington, in August, 1866, that the 39th Congress was not a constitutional body, but a Congress of only a part of the States; that he thus denied that its legislation was valid and obligatory upon him, except so far as he approved the same, and also denying its power to propose amendments to the Constitution; and, in pursuance to this denial, unlawfully devised means to prevent the execution of the tenure act, by trying to prevent Stanton from resuming his duties as Secretary of War and also advised means to prevent the execution of the act requiring army orders to be given through General Grant; and also devised means to prevent the execution of the "act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States," commonly called the reconstruction act. These offenses are popularly called misprision of perjury—*i. e.*, trying to induce officers to violate their oaths, or devising plans to violate one's own oath, by refusing to execute these laws.

This is the substance of all the articles, omitting their technicalities, and paying no regard to their verbiage.

[From the Harrisburg State Guard.]

Results Looking Toward a Union of Christian Churches.

It is with ordinary pleasure that we sum up some of the results achieved at the Lutheran General Synod, which closed its sessions in this city, yesterday—results which conclusively point to a union of Christian Churches, and a consequent dissipation of the coldness which has heretofore kept apart sects in this and all other countries.

The most marked features of the Synod, outside of its regular business, were, First, the reception of a delegate from the New School Presbyterian General Assembly; Second, the appointment of delegates to the General Synod of the German Reformed Church, to the General New School Presbyterian Assembly, to the Northern Reformed Synod of the United Brethren, and to the Evangelical Church Union of the West; Third, the passage of a resolution looking to corresponding action with the Old School Presbyterian General Assembly; Fourth, an exchange of delegations with the Congregationalists of Ohio; Fifth, a resolution looking toward fraternal relations with the Reformed Dutch Church; and Sixth, the appointment of a large delegation to the World's Convention of the Evangelical Alliance, which met last year at Amsterdam. It is peculiarly appropriate that the church of the Great Reformer, Martin Luther, who inaugurated Christian liberality in the dark and intolerant age of 1516 by nailing the ninety-five theses on the door of the Castle Church at Wittenburg, should now be the first to move in the noble work of Christian unity. The only exception to this becoming exhibition of Christian liberality, is the intolerance exhibited by the Synod for Romanism and ritualistic forms.

—So much for the liberality of the General Synod of the Lutheran Church of the United States. It now remains to be seen how much further in brotherly love and charity and respect for the right of opinion, the General Synod of the New School Presbyterian Church of the United States to meet in Harrisburg next week, will go in exhibiting the same Christian spirit.

The California Legislature has passed a bill offering a premium of five dollars a ton on the first thousand tons of pig or blast iron produced in that State from native ore.

GENERAL NEWS.

W. B. Astor's income for 1867 was returned as $977,452.

The seeds of the gigantic trees of California hardly exceed in size those of the mustard.

The trial of Jeff Davis is now fixed to commence on June 3, unless something at present unforeseen should occur to prevent.

Charles Dickens' expenses in America were $50,000 and his net profits $100,000 in gold. He carried off three large packing cases full of all sorts of presents.

Fashionable young ladies in New York are in the habit of taking an early canter around Central Park, followed by a groom in velvet-een breeches and top boots.

Oak Ridge cemetery, Springfield, Ill., the burial place of President Abraham Lincoln, has been visited by 7,516 visitors since May 16, 1866.

Herring, the safe manufacturer, has, he thinks, the largest horse in America. It is six years old, nineteen hands high, and one ton in weight.

The music in the Boston churches, it is asserted, costs $50,000 per annum. One church pays its chief artist $1,500 and expends on the choir $7,000.

Brazil supplies almost half the coffee consumed in the world. The quantity exported increased from 1,350,109 bags in 1863 to 2,459,753 bags in 1867.

The Hoosac tunnel, when completed, will be over 27,000 feet (five miles) long. Only 7,000 feet of the mountain have been penetrated. The project has cost Massachusetts $4,000,000 already and will require $8,000,000 to finish.

To evade the payment of his debts, a man in Detroit conveyed all his estate to his wife. The lady has recently died, leaving a will, which re-transfers the property to the husband on condition that he marries his maid servant.

The secrets of health are: first, keep warm; second, eat regularly and slowly; third, maintain regular daily bodily habits; fourth, take early and very light suppers; fifth, keep a clean skin; sixth, get plenty of sleep at night.

Housekeeping has been introduced as a regular branch of instruction in German schools. Young ladies are required to write essays upon the probable price of food, the weight of fat or lean fowls, the method of fattening beeves, and in general upon whatever pertains in the economy of the culinary art. Sensible.

A young Indian girl who had curiously watched the process of making barrel heads in a flouring mill in Winona, Minn., stole in one day and, taking possession of the steelcils, ornamented her blanket with the words, "Ellsworth's Choice," and paraded the street in great delight, but to the disgust of Mr. Ellsworth, who is a bachelor and has made no such a choice.

The fifteenth annual session of the Grand Lodge of Good Templars of Pennsylvania will meet at Williamsburg, Lycoming county, on June 10. Each Lodge is entitled to one representative, and all Lodges having two hundred members on the 30th of April are entitled to two representative and one for each additional hundred members.

Jeff. Davis' bail bond was renewed last week. Cornelius Vanderbilt, Gerrit Smith and Horace Greeley, all of New York, being sureties in $25,000 each, and several citizens of Richmond, Va., for the remaining $25,000. Chief Justice Chase has said that within two days after President Johnson's trial he will be in Richmond ready to preside over the trial of the rebel leader.

Southern Elections.

The result of the late Southern elections is at last definitely ascertained.

In Louisiana the Constitution has has been ratified by over 17,000 majority. The new Senate stands 21 Republicans to 15 Democrats—House, 56 Republicans to 45 Democrats—majority on joint ballot 17. The Governor and State officers are all Republicans. The Congressmen stand 4 Republicans to 1 Democrat.

Florida, Gen. Meade telegraphs to Gen. Grant, has ratified the Constitution by about 3,000 majority. The State has gone Republican, electing all the officers by the same majority.

Georgia has ratified the Constitution by 17,923 majority. Bullock (Rep.) is elected Governor by 7,229 majority.—The Senate stands 27 Republican to 15 Democrats, and one doubtful.—House, 95 Republicans to 24 Democrats, and 6 doubtful.

—This will give the Republicans 6 additional U. S. Senators for six years each. It will ensure the ratification of the constitutional amendment (14th article) in three more States, and ensure the National Republican Candidates for President and Vice President *nineteen votes* from those States in the Electoral College.

☞The State Committee of the Republican party of Pennsylvania met on Tuesday last. There was a good attendance and a vigorous campaign was resolved upon. The following was passed unanimously:

"*Resolved*, That, profoundly impressed with the solemnity of the issue at Washington between government and anarchy, unbridled usurpation and the supremacy of law, we but reflect the unanimous and earnest convictions of the faithful people of Pennsylvania in demanding the conviction of Andrew Johnson upon the grave charges preferred against him by the people of the United States through their Representatives, believing that there can be no peace, no safety, no respect for law, in portions of the Union while the apostate usurper remains in the Presidential office."

[For the Globe.]

MR. EDITOR.—My attention has been called to an article in last week's Mount Union *Times*, recommending for the Sheriffalty, Captain D. R. P. Neely of Dublin township. I wish to endorse the sentiments of the writer of this article, and in behalf of justice, and propriety, urge the nomination of this gentleman at the ensuing county convention. Captain Neely entered the service of his country during the late war, as a private soldier, voluntarily, without any necessity upon him, more than others who staid at home, for the period of three years, and was in all the heavy part of the war, with the Buck Tail Regiment; rising by his merits from place to place till he reached the Captaincy. Since the close of the war he has done good service in the Republican party, and is in every way reliable, and would make a most excellent Sheriff. If the soldiers deserve well at our hands, here is a chance to make our appreciation of their service. The nomination of the Capt. would give strength to the ticket, as he is a popular man, and has never before sought any position of favor from the public.

FIDELITAS.

Huntingdon Co., May 15, '68.

Stamps and Blanks.

Revenue Stamps of all kinds, Deeds-Mortgages, Bonds, Judgment, Exemption and Common Notes, Justice's and Constable's Blanks of all kinds, School Orders and Agreements, Leases, Agreements, Marriage Certificates, License Petitions and Bonds, etc., etc., and Blank Books of all kinds, for sale at LEWIS' Book Store. tf.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE TRUSTEES of the Huntingdon Presbyterian Church, will receive proposals up to 30th of May, inst., for the enlargement of the Church, according to the plan and specifications, to be seen at the office of Wm. Dorris, Esq. They also invite separate proposals for the stone and mason work, and brick, and brick work.

may 18, '68-2t. H. G. FISHER, Sec.

WM. B. ZEIGLER,

DEALER IN

Furnishing, Fancy,

—AND—

DRESS GOODS.

Alpacas, Poplins, Plaids, DeLaines, Lawns, Ginghams, Prints, fine Cambrics, Muslins, Denims, fine Linen, Marseilles, Pequas, Indis Twills, &c.

A large assortment of

Ladies' Fashionable Dress Trimmings.

Silk Fringes, Buttons, Bugles, Velvet Ribbons, etc. Furnishing Goods, Stockings, Merenc, Cotton, Wool, &c

Gloves,

Kid of all colors, Silk, Thread, Cotton, &c., of all sizes, and latest styles. Under garments of all kinds, for Ladies, Gents and Children.

Table Linen, Muslins, Napkins, Doylies, &c. Sheeting and Shirting, Brown and Bleached, from 8 cents up.

STRAW GOODS,

A large stock of the latest styles. A large stock of Notions, Zephyrs, Yarns, &c. All cheaper than the cheapest.

☞Room, opposite the First National Bank, Huntingdon, Pa.

A rare Chance for a Bargain.

VALUABLE PROPERTY

AT

PRIVATE SALE

THE subscriber offers at private sale a valuable property situated in MAPLETON, Huntingdon county, Pa., being a handsome and convenient

STORE-ROOM,

25x45 feet, well arranged, and suitable for the carrying on of a general merchandize business. Also, a

WAREHOUSE,

convenient to the store-room, also a

DWELLING HOUSE,

near the place of business.

The entire property will be sold at the low price of Four Thousand Dollars ($4,000), upon the terms. Five Hundred Dollars ($500) in cash upon the delivery of the deed, and the balance in four equal annual payments with interest, for which the judgment bonds of the purchaser, secured by mortgage, will be taken.

For advantages in doing business the property is not surpassed by any other in the county. Located along the Penna. Railroad, and near the depot, it is certainly a place adapted to any one de-irous of engaging in business.

The store-room is occupied by the owner of the property Possession given at any time. The stock of goods on hand will be reduced to Three Thousand Dollars ($3,000.) The stock is all fresh and new and will be sold at cost prices which are less than present eastern prices, and upon easy terms, viz: Three Hundred Dollars ($300) in cash; the balance divided into equal amounts, made payable in note through Bank with guaranty, upon the time of 60, 90, 120, 150 or 180 days; thus affording the purchaser ample time to realize upon the stock. The stock must be positively sold with the property. There is but one other store in the town and the trade centering in the town amounts at least to One Hundred Thousand Dollars ($100,000) per annum.

Any one desiring to purchase must apply soon, or otherwise arrangements will be made to sell the stock on hand and rent the property.

Apply to W. P. MCLAUGHLIN, Mt. Union, Pa., or to DAVID M. EVANS, JOHN M CUNNINGHAM, Mapleton Depot, Pa.

May 13-1m

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!

A LARGE ASSORTMENT

—OF—

Coats, Pants, Vests and Dusters.

To be disposed of at

I. RUDOLPH'S,

(In Basement, opposite Leister's New Building.)

REGARDLESS OF COST

SUITS, from $11,00 to $20,00.

VESTS, All Wool, from $1,75 to $5,00.

PANTS, All Wool, from $2,50 to $6,00.

Must sell the entire stock this month.

CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER.

Call and Examine Samples.

Huntingdon, May 13, 1868-tf

GEO. SHAEFFER

Has just returned from the east with a

SPLENDID STOCK

OF

BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS, &C.,

Which he offers to the inspection of his customers and the public generally. He will sell his stock at the most

REASONABLE PRICES,

and those who purchase once will surely call again.

BOOTS & SHOES MADE TO ORDER,

and REPAIRING done in the neatest and most expeditious manner.

Call upon Mr. Schaeffer at his shop on Hill street, a few doors west of the Diamond. may5

Can't Be Beaten!

JOHN H. WESTBROOK

Respectfully informs the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity that he has just received from the city a New and splendid stock of

GROCERIES, CONFECTIONERIES,

BOOTS & SHOES, HATS & CAPS,

Hosiery, Shoe Findings, Carpet Sacks, Trunks, &c., &c., &c., &c.

all of which he is prepared to sell at greatly reduced prices.

Don't forget the old stand in the Diamond. Old customers and the public generally are invited to call.

Huntingdon, ap 15, 1868.

NEW BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

WM. AFRICA

Informs the public that he has just opened at his old stand in the Diamond, Huntingdon,

A Fine Assortment of all kinds of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

For Ladies, Gentlemen and Children.

All of which he will sell at fair prices. *Quick sales and small profits.* Call and examine my stock.

Manufacturing and Repairing done to order as usual.

Huntingdon, ap 15, 1868.

—The largest and most handsome stock of new styles of Wall Paper ever received in Huntingdon, for sale at Lewis' Book Store. Call and see.

IF YOU WANT the BEST SYRUP, Go to CUNNINGHAM & CARMONY'S.

CLASSIFICATION

of MERCHANTS, &c., in Huntingdon County, by the Appraiser of Merchantile Taxes for the year 1868.

	ct.	Lic.
Alexandria.		
Wm. M. Phillips,	10	20,00
Wm. S. Walker,	14	7,00
J. J. Bellman,	14	7,00
J. H. Kennedy,	12	12,50
William Moore,	13	10,00
E. P. Walker,	14	7,00
J. R. Gregory,	14	7,00
Birmingham.		
Thompson, Detrich,	11	15,00
Jas. T. Owens,	14	7,00
Barree.		
Barton Green,	13	10,00
Andrew Crownover,	13	10,00
S. H. Myton & Bro,	13	10,00
Andrew Wilson,	14	7,00
Johnston, Stewart,	14	7,00
Myton & Olurn,	13	10,00
Cassville.		
J. P. Heaton,	14	7,00
Jas. Henderson,	12	12,50
Geo. M. Green,	14	7,00
Clay.		
Geo. McLaughlin,	14	7,00
Covert & Stevens,	13	10,00
M. J. Ashman,	13	10,00
Cromwell.		
Royer & Dewees,	12	12,50
Dalmont.		
C. H. Reed,	14	7,00
Geo. A. Heaton,	14	7,00
Andrew Hicks,	14	7,00
Carbon.		
Powelton Coal Co,	9	25,00
A. & J. J. Gleason,	10	20,00
Tool & Hughs,	13	10,00
Cook, Sheets & Co.	11	15,00
Josiah M. Bacon,	11	15,00
David Blair,	13	10,00
William Brown,	14	7,00
Reukert, Bro. & Co.	13	10,00
George Neurs,	14	7,00
Cook, Sheets, & Co.	14	7,00
Martin & Trout,	14	7,00
Dublin.		
Wm. C. Swann,	13	10,00
Shearer & Gray,	13	10,00
George Sipes,	14	7,00
James Crea,	14	7,00
Franklin.		
Shorb, Stewart, Co.	12	12,50
John G. Adams,	14	7,00
Laird, & Co.	14	7,00
G. & J. Shoonberger,	10	20,00
A. G. Ewing,	12	12,50
M. G. Keatley,	14	7,00
H. A. Bathurst,	14	7,00
Hopewell.		
D. Weaver,	17	7,00
Noah Smith,	14	7,00
Shirley & Bro.	10	20,00
Huntingdon		
Z. Yenter,	13	10,00
James Higgins,	14	7,00
Wm. B. Zeigler,	13	10,00
H. G. Morrison,	14	7,00
G. H. Walker,	14	7,00
S. S. Smith,	13	10,00
Mrs. M. Hunigar,	14	7,00
I. Rudolph,	14	7,00
O. E. McNeil,	13	10,00
John Leister,	14	7,00
David Africa,	14	7,00
William Africa,	14	7,00
H. Roman,	11	15,00
A. G. Clarke, Agent,	14	7,00
Fisher & Sons,	10	20,00
H. Greenberg,	13	10,00
D. P. Gwin,	11	15,00
J. H. Westbrook,	14	7,00
William Lewis,	13	10,00
William Lewis,	14	7,00
James A. Brown,	11	15,00
Wm. Murch, & Bro.	10	20,00
Johnston, Wattson,	10	20,00
Henry, & Co.	7	40,00
Geo. W. Swartz,	14	7,00
George Shaffer,	14	7,00
Port & Feerer,	14	7,00
A. Stewart,	14	7,00
A. L. Lewis,	11	15,00
Wharton & Maguire,	9	25,00
Wallace & Clement,	14	7,00
J. Cunningham,	11	15,00
N. B. Cohan,	13	10,00
Beighle & Nyling,	14	7,00
Mrs. P. R. Shoes,	14	7,00
Dunn nghum & Co.	7	40,00
J. C. Blair,	13	10,00
John Reed,	14	7,00
Wm. Rohm,	14	7,00
B. M. Green,	13	10,00
H. Strouse,	14	7,00
John Hagey,	14	7,00
Glazier & Bro.	13	10,00
C. Miller & Son,	14	7,00
G. F. Marsh,	14	7,00
Jackson.		
H Kooher,	14	7,00
Freedom Iron Co.	8	30,00
S. W. Myton,	13	10,00
McBurney, Nephew,	12	12,50
Wm. H. Harper,	13	10,00
J. Smith & Son,	13	10,00
Lincoln.		
E. Brumbaugh & Br.	13	10,00
McConnellstown.		
J. Douglass, Agent,	13	10,00
Stacey & Ward,	13	10,00
Marklesburg.		
O. B. Brumbaugh,	14	7,00
William Davis,	14	7,00
S. B. Gardner & Co.	13	10,00
John G. Boyer,	14	7,00
Morris.		
J. Davis & Co.	13	10,00
S. S. Wareham,	13	10,00
J. K. Templeton,	11	15,00
Isett & Thompson,	11	15,00
Mill Creek.		
Etnire & Foust,	9	25,00
Civils & Boring,	14	7,00
S. A. Hughs,	13	10,00
E. A. Green,	11	15,00
Mapleton.		
Jeremiah Bauman,	9	25,00
Cunningham, & Mc-Laughlin,	9	25,00
Mount Union.		
W. A. Hunter,	13	10,00
F. D. Stevens,	12	12,50
J. J. Robison,	14	7,00
H. P. Douglass,	13	10,00
H. X. Blair, & Co.	8	30,00
H. E. Dever,	12	12,50
T. H. Adams,	10	20,00
George McLaughlin,	8	30,00
S. Hunstock,	14	7,00
Daniel Rummel,	13	10,00
G. W. Shaffer,	14	7,00
Orbisonia.		
M. Starr & Co.	13	10,00
Baker & Appleby,	12	12,50
Wm. Harper,	14	7,00
Orbison & Miller,	11	15,00
Porter.		
G. D. Green,	12	12,50
S. & H. Enfield,	11	15,00
Petersburg.		
J. Creswell & Sons,	11	15,00
J. Creswell & Son,	13	10,00
J. C. Walker,	11	15,00
J. C. Walker,	13	10,00
Johnston & Stewart,	11	15,00
R. Reiff,	14	7,00
Springfield.		
D. Lock,	14	7,00
B. Lock,	14	7,00
Weight & Brown,	14	7,00
Shirleysburg.		
W. A. Fraker,	13

The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Wednesday morning, May 20, 1868.

LOCAL & PERSONAL.

Brief Items.

—Japanese like: the new style of ladies head gear.

—A wedding took place in the Catholic church yesterday. We do not know the names of the happy couple.

—Let everybody attend the Sunday School Institute now being held in the Methodist Church.

—A new stock of handsome gilt Window Blinds —*cheap*— at Lewis' Book Store.

—A valuable business stand in Mapleton is offered for sale by Mr. W. P. McLaughlin. See advertisement.

—Ought to be impeached: the clerk of the weather. He won't give the sun a chance to "dry up."

—Mr. James A. Brown is erecting a brick dwelling house a few stable doors west of the *Globe* office. "Thorns between roses."

—Michael Ruble, of Mifflin county, died suddenly of heart disease last week while visiting a friend in Juniata county. He was 66 years of age.

—The borough council of Johnstown have fixed the following tax levy for this year: fifteen mills for borough, twenty mills for bounty, and $7.50 per capita.

—The Miltonian Tableaux of Paradise Lost was exhibited in the Court House to full audiences three evenings last week. Everybody who saw the paintings appeared pleased.

—Some days ago, Mr. Johnston Moore, of Scotch valley, Blair county, had his leg broken by the kick of a horse. About seven years ago he met the same misfortune in the same way.

—The Bellefonte Agricultural Society are about purchasing fair grounds and erecting permanent buildings thereon. Isn't our Society wealthy enough to do likewise.

—John Crossley, of Mt. Union, employed on the addition to the Railroad bridge below that place, fell a distance of eighteen feet, but escaped serious injury.

—The Bedford *Inquirer* has enlarged to an eight column paper—the only one of that size published in this part of the State. It is a neat and good paper, and is well deserving of success.

—An eagle measuring seven feet two inches between the tips of the wings was recently captured in Juniata township, Bedford county, by Mr. Benjamin Shirer.

—The Presbyterian Church of this place is to be enlarged. Proposals for the work necessary, as will be seen in the advertisement, will be received up to May 30th next.

—Mr. John Cupp, farmer for the Birmingham Zinc Co., and living about a mile from that place, had his leg broken near the ankle while in the act of cutting down a limb lodged in a tree.

—The case of Gillis against the Pa. Railroad, tried before Judge Taylor, in Ebensburg last December and decided against the plaintiff, will be reviewed before the Supreme Court sitting at Harrisburg, on the 27th inst.

—The U. S. Revenue officers had some difficulty in closing a distillery in Union township, Bedford county. The proprietor, wife and babies, showed fight, but the thrashing was soon over and the proprietor arrested.

—The enterprising men of Bellefonte propose to spend two hundred thousand dollars in the erection of buildings in that place the present season. Ye men of Huntingdon, where is *your* enterprise?

—The editor of the Cambria *Freeman* goes into exstacies over the receipt of a $2½ gold piece from a married couple. Well, the sight of one of those 'shiners' now-a-days is enough to make a man almost crazy—for more.

—The first Sunday School in America of which there is any official report was established in Ephrata, Lancaster county, Pa, in 1747, by Ludwig Hacker. It was kept up for more than thirty years, until the house in which it was kept was taken for a soldier's hospital during the Revolution.

—The National camp meeting of Methodists to be held near Manheim, on the Reading and Columbia Railroad, will begin on Tuesday, July 14, and close on the 24th. Preparations are making for the accommodation of 10,000 people. It will probably be the largest camp meeting ever convened in the United States.

—Miss Lizzette Peak, of the celebrated family of Swiss Bell Ringers, died at the American House, Cleveland, Ohio, on May 1st, of typhoid fever. She had been sick from the 9th of April. She was sixteen years of age, and had been traveling ever since she was three years old.

—Mr. James Pott has retired from the Fulton *Republican*, and is succeeded by Mr. Harry E. Shafer, who we believe comes from the lower end of Huntingdon county. We hope the incumbent will find the newspaper business more pleasant than he may have anticipated, but a man never truly knows what it is until he tries it.

—R. B. Brown, editor of the Clarion *Democrat*, is a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Assembly in Clarion county. As a member of the fraternity, as an original "typo" in the *Globe* office, and as a good fellow generally, we hope he will get the nomination, as his election is sure in that Democratic stronghold.

—The Hollidaysburg *Standard* came to us last week enlarged and in new type. We can't say that the appearance of this ever welcome sheet is improved, because that would be intimating that the *Standard* was badly printed; but we confess that we like to see that same old face retouched with a few extra finishes, and hope that wherever it goes it will meet with a warm reception.

—There is an itinerant thief in this section of the State, named Maggie Nolan, who engages as a domestic in the family of some wealthy citizen, and after learning where the valuables are kept, suddenly disappears with all that she can carry. She has operated here, in Bellefonte, and last week she stole about $200 worth from Mr. S. M. Woodkok, of Altoona. It is high time she was arrested, and sent westward.

Sunday School Institute.

The Juniata District M. E. Sunday School Institute commences to day, Tuesday, at 2 o'clock, and will close on Thursday evening.

The following is the programme for each session:

Tuesday afternoon, 2 *o'clock*.—The Children's Jubilee. Singing by the children and addresses by Rev. J. H. Vincent and others.

Tuesday evening, 7.45 *o'clock*.—The Wanderings of Israel, An exercise in sacred history and geography.

Wednesday morning, 9 *o'clock*.—Sunday School Workers' Experience Meeting.

Wednesday morning, 10.30 *o'clock*.—Sermon on the "Book of Books," by Rev. J. H. Vincent.

Wednesday afternoon, 2.30 *o'clock*.—Country Schools; how to organize, conduct and sustain; principal difficulties and discouragements.

Question drawer.

Wednesday evening, 7.45 *o'clock*.—Our Homes and the Sunday Schools.

Three minute talks.

Review and remarks by Rev. J. H. Vincent.

Thursday morning, 9 *o'clock*.—Adult Classes.

Infant Classes.

Question drawer.

Thursday afternoon, 2.30 *o'clock*.—Sunday School Accessories.

Teaching.

Question drawer.

Thursday evening, 7.45 *o'clock*.—Review of Institute.

Question drawer.

Closing words.

Rev. J. H. Vincent, the earnest and successful Sunday School worker, will be present, and will remain until the close of the Institute, he being the Conductor. All Sunday School workers are invited to attend every session of the Institute, and bring with them a bible, bible maps, a blank book and poncil for taking notes.

PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD.
TIME OF LEAVING OF TRAINS
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

WESTWARD.						*EASTWARD*		
MAIL.	PHILADELPHIA EXPRESS.	HARRISBURG EXPRESS.	CINCINNATI EXPRESS.	STATIONS.		DAY EXPRESS.	MAIL.	WAY PASSENGER.
P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.			A. M.	P. M	A M
5 05	.....	12 15	.....	N. Hamilton,		.....	4 45	9 45
5 14	.....	12 26	.....	Mt. Union,		.....	4 34	9 36
5 22	.....	12 40	.....	Mapleton,		.....	4 22	9 30
5 33	.....	12 50	.....	Mill Creek,		.....	4 15	9 21
5 45	7 00	1 08	3 31	Huntingdon,	8 41	4 00	9 08
6 03	.....	1 30	.....	Petersburg,	.....	3 49	8 51
6 13	.....	1 40	.....	Barree,	.....	3 50	8 41
6 22	.....	1 50	.....	SpruceCreek,	.....	3 20	8 34
6 35	.....	2 05	.....	Birmingham,	.....	3 08	8 21
6 44	7 51	2 15	4 20	Tyrone,	7 54	3 00	8 14
6 56	.....	2 27	.....	Tipton,	.....	2 49	8 04
7 03	.....	2 36	.....	Fostoria,	.....	2 44	7 58
7 08	.....	2 42	.....	Bell's Mills,	.....	2 39	7 53
7 25	8 20	3 05	4 47	Altoona,	7 25	2 20	7 35
P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.			A. M.	P. M.	A. M

The EAST LINE Eastward leaves Altoona at 12 20 A. M., and arrives at Huntingdon at 1 33 A. M.

The CINCINNATI EXPRESS Eastward leaves Altoona at 4 45 P. M. and arrives at Huntingdon at 5 56 P. M.

The FAST LINE Westward, leaves Huntingdon at 7 46 P. M. and arrives at Altoona at 9 00 P. M.

The BALTIMORE EXPRESS, leaves Huntingdon, at 6 15 A. M., arrives at Altoona, 7 25, A. M.

The LOCAL FREIGHT, eastward arrives 5.15 P. M., and leaves 6.45 A. M.; westward arrives 5.05 P. M., and leaves 6 15 A. M.

May 20, 1868.

[COMMUNICATED]

Accident.

A very lamentable accident occurred at Tipton Station on Monday morning, the 11th inst. As the Way Passenger east was coming into the Station, Mr. Joseph Hegarty who was in the act of putting some of his baggage in the Baggage Car, was struck by the Philadelphia Express west, throwing him down between the two trains. His head and right arm were cut and bruised to such an extent that he died about fifteen minutes after the accident. The deceased was an Elder in the Presbyterian Church at Tyrone, and recently moved from that place to the vicinity of Tipton. He leaves a wife and four children to mourn his loss.

Great Excitement in Washington.

Vote taken on the Eleventh Article of Impeachment—but not the eleventh article at Johnston & Wattson's, as they keep at least *eleven* thousand different *articles* that can not be *impeached*.—Their stock of goods is the best ever brought to the borough of Huntingdon and we were astonished at their extremely low prices. They have the greatest variety of articles we have over seen in a store, and their styles are beautiful. We cordially invite every person visiting Huntingdon to call and see their stock. Store west end of Hill street, next to Washington Hotel.

—The Tyrone *Herald* says Charles Ferris and John Brown met with a serious accident at the Birmingham Lime Kilns on Monday evening. It appears that they had made a drill blast, and before the fire from the fuse had gone out they poured powder into the crack, preparatory to making a sand blast. The powder igniting, fire was communicated to the keg, burning them seriously, but it is thought not fatally.

☞The increasing demand for METAL TIPPED SHOES, both Silver and Copper, the former being extensively used on fine shoes, shows conclusively that the public appreciate their value. It is astonishing that any parent should buy any other, as they save half the expense in keeping children supplied with shoes.—*N. Y. Post.* 1*

Garden Plants for Sale.

The subscriber is ready to furnish at his garden on Womelsdorf's farm below town, the Maupey Superior Tomato Plants, Sweet Potato Plants, and Cabbage Plants, by the dozen, hundreds or thousands.

A. H. ZIMMERMAN.

May 18, 1868–tf.

Lost.

Between Mrs. Hall's and M. E Church, a gold ear drop, set with pearls and amythest. The finder will be very liberally rewarded by leaving it at this office, or at Mrs. Hall's.

Just Received.

Fancy Baskets, Traveling Baskets, Market Baskets, Dinner Baskets, Clothes Baskets, Buckets, Tubs, Brushes of all kinds, Childrens' Wagons and Wheelbarrows, etc., etc, at Lewis' Grocery.

Florence Sewing Machine.

Miss D. L Baker, Agent, Leisters' Building, Huntingdon. Dress Making and Sewing done of all kinds. tf.

Etwas Neues.

Die billigesten shuh und stiefel magt Lewis Richter, in Huntingdon, sein shop ist neben Johnston & Wattson's grosen store. 1t

☞77 Patterns of Carpets, Oil Cloths and Mattings from 35 cents to $1,50 per yard, at Fisher & Sons. 3t.

—Fishermen will find at Lewis' Book Store a fine assortment of lines, hooks and rods.

AN ORDINANCE

RELATING to the side walks or pavements in that part of the borough known as West Huntingdon.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the Burgess and Town Council of the borough of Huntingdon, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same,*

That the Street Regulator shall, within fifteen days after the passage of this ordinance, proceed to lay off and grade pavements and fix the grade thereof, also of the gutters adjoining, on each of the following named streets to wit: On the northern side of Washington street between the Baptist church at Charles street to Pine street; on the southern side of Washington street from the angle thereof at the east corner of lot No. 12 to Pine street; on both sides of Fulton street from Washington to Mifflin; on both sides of Mifflin street from Fulton to Pine; said pavements on Washington and Mifflin streets to be twelve feet wide and on Fulton street ten feet wide.

SEC. 2. That the owner or owners, occupier or occupiors of any lot or part of a lot of ground fronting on any of the above named streets between the points designated in the preceding section, shall on or before the first day of July next, have the side walk opposite such lots with good hard brick, or shall lay a good and sufficient plank walk of at least six feet in width,—to be laid according to the grade fixed by the Street Regulator; *Provided however*, that opposite any vacant lots, or any lot which lies lengthwise adjoining the street, a pavement of one half only of the width mentioned in the first section of this ordinance shall be required.

SEC. 3. That on said first day of July next or as soon thereafter as practicable, the Chief Burgess and the Committee on streets shall proceed to examine the side walks or pavements required to be made by the preceding section of this enactment, and if they find upon such examination, that any owner, or owners, occupier or occupiers of lots have neglected to make such a side-walk or pavement as is required by this ordinance, they shall give reasonable notice by advertisement inserted in each of the papers published in the borough, that the construction of such side walks or pavements shall, on a day to be named in such advertisement, be let to the lowest bidder.

SEC. 4. That when the side walks or pavements shall have been constructed under the authority given to the Chief Burgess and committee on streets, bills therefor shall be made out by the Secretary and placed in the hands of the High Constable who shall immediately demand from each parties therein named (if residing within the borough) payment thereof; and in default of payment for thirty days after such demand, said bills shall be collected according to law.

Passed, May 1st, 1868.

Attest, HENRY GLAZIER, *Chief Burgess.*

J. SIMPSON AFRICA, *Secretary.* may 13.

Drowned.

Alexander, a son of Mr. Robert Cunningham, of this place, aged about five years, was drowned in the canal last Monday evening. He was missed from his home early in the evening, but it was not till late that it was thought he was drowned. The water was drawn from the canal, and at twelve o'clock last night his remains were found opposite the Railroad Depot. It is not known how the accident befell him. He was one of the youngest of an interesting family, and his sad and unfortunate loss is deeply felt by those who knew him.

Railroad Accident.

On Monday afternoon last an accident occurred at a siding about a mile above town, in which the Penna. engine No. 283 was thrown down the bank into the canal, and completely damaged, together with four or five freight and coal cars. Neither the engineer or fireman were injured, they jumping off as soon as the engine commenced to go over. The wreck was occasioned by the switch on the siding having been left open.

☞More economical, remarkable certainty of prompt action, in fact, every good quality is guaranteed for Mrs. S. A. Allen's Improved (*new style*) Hair Restorer or Dressing, (*in one bottle.*) Every Druggist sells it. Price one dollar. 1m.

To the Afflicted.

Shoemaker's Star Magic Liniment, and McIntyre's Indian Compound, Dandelion Pills, and Worm Destroyer, for sale at Lewis' Book Store. tf.

☞Read new advertisement and price list of Glazier & Bro., and if you want bargains go and see their goods. 3t—†

☞77 Patterns of Carpets, Oil Cloths and Mattings from 35 cents to $1,50 per yard, at Fisher & Sons. 3t.

Speer's Wines

Are the pure juice of the grape, and are unexcelled by any native vintage. They contain valuable medicinal properties, and are of intrinsic worth to the invalid and the convalescent, strengthening the weak, and restoring the system to tone and vigor. Sickly persons and females should try them.

MARRIED,

In Williamsburg, on the 25th ult., by Alexander Rutledge, Esq., Mr. GEO. ESTEP, to Miss MARY E. MCCOMBS, both of Alexandria, Huntingdon County.

May 7th, by the Rev. Alex. J. Gibson, Mr. B. M. GREENE, of Huntingdon, Pa, to MISS EMMA, daughter of the Hon. Jas. M. Lestor, of Baltimore, Md.

Our friend Bonson evidently thought that his cup of joy would not be full unless he had the prayers of the printer, and therefore his remembrance of us. We are happy to congratulate the couple upon each other's choice, and may the love that now unites them be strengthened with increasing years, of which may they have many, and may their latter days be peaceful and happy.

MARKETS.

WHOLESALE MARKET.

PHILADELPHIA, May 15, 1868

The Flour market is moderately active, at an advance. Superfine Flour at $9,00@9,75; extra at $11,40; family Western extra family $10@12,50; Pennsylvania do do $12, and fancy brands $12,75@15,00 according to quality Rye flour $8,50.

Prime Wheat in fair demand Choice red at $2,45@2,50 white $3,15@3,25. Rye at $2,00@2,05. Corn 1,18 @ 1,20 Oats at 87c. Barley malt at $2,05.

PITTSBURGH, May 16.—Flour.—The market is active We quote sales of spring wheat Flour at $10,50@11,25, winter Flour at $12,00@12,50 fancy at $14@15,00.

Wheat, winter, $2,55@2,70 and for white, $2,70@2,75 Corn from first hands at $1,05. Rye, $1,85 per bushel. Oats 80@83c; Barley 2,25@2,50. Potatoes, f each Blow 4,50 bbl hams 21c, Lard 12c. Butter 60@12c lb; Eggs 22 doz.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, May 9.—Gold closed at $139¾ @ $1,39⅞.

HUNTINGDON MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY HENRY & CO.

WHOLESALE PRICES.

Superfine Flour,	$10,00	Eggs	20
Extra Flour,	11,00	Feathers ₰ lb	50
Family Flour	12,00	Flaxseed	$2,25
Red Wheat,	2,50	Hops ₰ lb	40
White Wheat	2,60	Ham, smoked	22
Apple Butter ₰ gallon	1,25	Hay ₰ ton	12,00
Bark per cord	9,00	Lard	17
Barley	1,20	Large Onions ₰ bus	100
Butter	35 to 40	Mixed Chop	2,25
Buckwheat	1,00	Oats	45
Buckwheat Meal ₰ cwt.	1,00	Potatoes ₰ bus	100 to 1,50
Bran ₰ cwt	1,25	Plaster per ton	10,00
Brooms ₰ doz	3,00@4,00	Rags ₰ lb	4
Beeswax ₰ lb	30	Rye	1,40
Beans ₰ bus	3,50	Rye Chop ₰ cwt	2,00
Chickens	25	Rye Straw ₰ bundle	10
Country Soap	8	Shorts ₰ cwt	1,50
Corn	$1,10	Shoulder	14
Corn Meal ₰ cwt	2,40	Sides	17
Dried Apples ₰ bus	2,00	Tallow	10 @ 11
Dried Cherries ₰ quart	12	Timothy	2,00
Dried Peaches ₰ lb	15	Turkeys ₰ lb	19
Dried Beef	20	Wool ₰ lb	40
Beef ₰ lb	9	Pork ₰ lb	9
Broad Top Coal ₰ ton	$4,00	Hard Coal ₰ ton	$6,00
Green Apples ₰ bus	$1,50	Pig Metal ₰ ton	$16@50
Clover seed ₰ 64lbs	$5,00	Lumber ₰ 1000 ft	$12@30
Shellbarks ₰ bus	$2,60	Shingles, Laps, ₰ do.	$10@13
		Joint, ₰	0@28
		Cheese	15@20 cts. ₰ lb

1868. 1868.

HARDWARE STORE,

HUNTINGDON, PA.

JAS. A. BROWN

Now located in the splendid storeroom in his new

MAMMOTH BRICK BUILDING,

HILL ST., HUNTINGDON, PENNA.

Offers at WHOLESALE and RETAIL an immense stock and endless variety of

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

HARDWARE, CUTLERY, Paints, Oils, Glass, &c

AT REDUCED PRICES.

TWELVE YEARS diligent attention to business in the Hardware trade in this place, has given me an experience that enables me to secure great advantages for my customers in the selection of the *best standard brands* and *reliable qualities* of goods.

Buying for cash direct from the manufacturers, and being in almost daily receipt of goods, bought since the decline in prices, I can offer rare advantages to buyers.

My stock embraces a general assortment of

TOOLS AND MATERIALS FOR

Carpenters,
Blacksmiths,
Gunsmiths,
Shoemakers,
Saddlers,
Painters,
Coachmakers,
Cabinet Makers,
Machinists,
Foundrymen,
And all other kinds of Mechanics.

BUILDERS

Will find here a superior stock of

Nails and Spikes,

LOCKS, BOLTS, SCREWS, HINGES, FINISHING NAILS,

Glass and Putty, Oil and Paints.

Colors of all kinds, Paint Brushes, Varnishes, &c. Glass cut to any size.

CARPENTERS

Will find a well selected stock of

Disston's and Spear & Jackson's Saws,

Chisels and Planes,	Steel squares,
Augers, Auger Bits,	Gauges, Saw sets,
Braces, Hatchets,	Oil stones, Files,

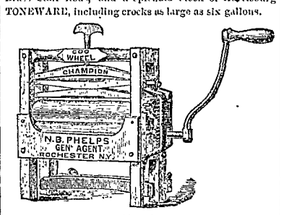
and BORING MACHINES.

FOR HOUSEKEEPERS

I have a fine variety of enameled, Tinned and Plain HOLLOW-WARE,

Pans, Skillets,	Dust Pans, Scrub Brushes,
Waffle Irons, Brass Kettles,	Bath Bricks,
Iron Tea Kettles,	Knives and Forks,
Coal Buckets and shovels,	Tea and Table Spoons.

Britannia and SILVER-PLATED WARE, Table Casters Brass Stair Rods, and a splendid stock of Harisburg TONEWARE, including crocks as large as six gallons.



Also, the

Champion cog wheel Clothes Wringer,

With a late improvement. This is now the very best and most desirable Wringer in the market. Having the agency for this place I can sell them strictly at the manufacturer's prices. All warranted.

BLACKSMITHS

Will be supplied with

Horse shoes, Horse nails,	Stocks and Dies,
Norway Nail Rods,	Rasps, Files,
Iron and Steel Anvils,	Butteresses,
Vices, Bellows,	and other tools in their line.

CARRIAGE & WAGON-MAKERS

Will find a supply of

Carriage Oil Cloth,	Carriage and Tire Bolts,
Trimmings, Springs,	Drop black coach Varnish,
Fellocs, Spokes and Hubs,	Dash and enameled Leather,
Shafts, Tongues,	Spoke Augers,
Sleigh Runners, Fenders,	and other materials.

FINE CUTLERY,

Comprising Table Knives and Forks of best American and English styles and qualities, Carvers' Butcher knives, Razors, Shears Scissors, Pruning Knives, and Pruning hooks, and the largest variety of styles of

POCKET KNIVES

To be found in central Pennsylvania, including Wostenholm's famous IXL cutlery.

SHOEMAKERS

As heretofore will find here the best assortment of Tools and Findings in their line of trade, consisting of

Hammers, Pincers,	Lasts, Pegs, Awls.
Measuring Sticks and straps	Eyelets, Shoe Thread,
Forepart and shank Irons,	Wax, Bristles,
Burnishers, Welt Knives,	Steel and iron Shoe Nails,
Stitching Gauges, etc.,	Round head nails, etc.

SADDLERS & HARNESS-MAKERS

Are also provided for. Saddle Trees of the best Pittsburg make, Girthing, Straining, and Rein web, Stirrups, Hames, Pad Trees, and a full variety of Silver, Brass and Japanned Harness Mountings, &c., &c.

FARMERS

And others will see that my stock comprises many useful articles in their line, such as

Scythes, Rakes, Spades,	Pointing axes,
Shovels, Forks, Hoes,	Grindstones, Wove wire,
Garden Rakes, Hay Rakes,	DISSTON'S MILL SAWS,
Trace Chains, Halter chains,	Circular, Cross-cut, Wood
Curry combs, Horse-brushes,	and Meat Saws,
Wagon Jacks,	Post Augers,
Shovel Moulds, Mann's axes,	Trowels, &c.

Also, two or three kinds of the best

HORSE HAY FORKS.

Made in the United States and by which [illegible] of hay can be taken from the wagon to the mow in about five minutes. These forks save labor, hay and money, and no thrifty farmer can afford to do it without one. The

EXCELSIOR FORK

has been extensively used and gives great satisfaction.—I warrant all the forks I sell.

COAL OIL LAMPS & LANTERNS

COFFIN LACES and all Trimmings for Cabinet-makers

CHEAP WOODEN PUMPS.

The merit of these pumps is shown by the fact that the demand for them is rapidly increasing every where. There is no iron in them to corrode and injure the water. They are light and convenient, so that every man can put in his own pump, the whole only costing him about one half the price of other pumps. Pumps, and wooden pipe to suit them, promptly shipped by railroad on receipt of orders. Give depth from floor to bottom of well.

Terra Cotta DRAIN PIPE, Hot Air REGISTERS for Ceilings, COOK STOVES, of any pattern desired.

JAMES A. BROWN.

Don't forget the SIGN OF THE PADLOCK,

Huntingdon, May 18, '68.

Meetings.

Mt. Moriah Lodge, No. 309, A. Y. M., meets second Monday evening of each month, in Brown's building.

Standing Stone H. R. A. Chapter, No. 201, meets the first Tuesday evening of each month, in Brown's building.

Juniata Lodge, No. 117, I. O. O. F., meets every Friday evening, third floor, in Leister's building.

Standing Stone Lodge, No. 85, I. O. G. T., meets every Tuesday evening in Court House Hall.

Aeriopathee Tribe, No. 68, I. O. of R. M. meets every Thursday evening, third floor, Leister's building.

Young Men's Christian Association meets the first and third Monday evenings each month, in Brown's building.

Town Council meets the first Friday evening of each month.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

PAINTS FOR FARMERS AND OTHERS.—The Grafton Mineral Paint Company are now manufacturing the Best, Cheapest and most Durable Paint in use; two coats well put on, mixed with pure Linseed Oil, will last ten or fifteen years; it is of a light brown or beautiful chocolate color, and can be changed to green, lead, stone, drab, olive or cream, to suit the taste of the consumer. It is valuable for Houses, Fences, Barns, Carriage and Car makers, Pails and Wooden-ware, Agricultural Implements, Canal Boats, Vessels and Ships' Bottoms, Canvas, Metal and Shingle Roofs, (it being Fire and Water proof.) Floor Oil Cloths, (one Manufacturer having used 5,000 bbls. the past year) and as a paint for any purpose is unsurpassed for body, durability, elasticity and adhesiveness. Price $5 per bbl. of 300 lbs., which will supply a farmer for years to come. Warranted in all cases as above. Send for a circular which gives full particulars. None genuine unless branded in a trade mark, Grafton Mineral Paint. Persons can order the Paint and remit the money on receipt of the goods. Address

DANIEL BIDWELL, 254 Pearl street, New York.

☞For sale by the pound or barrel at Lewis' Book Store. may6 6m

"THE *Messenger of Health*," edited at the Pennsylvania Institute of Medicine, contains an article on Dyspepsia, Chills and Fever, and Kidney Affections, in which the writer positively declares that the whole science of Medicine possesses no remedy for the cure of those diseases, that is half as efficacious as Mishler's Herb Bitters. He speaks from experience, having used them in his practice for the past two years, to the exclusion of all other remedies, and without a solitary instance of failure.

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.

DR. S. B. HARTMAN & CO., Proprietors, LANCASTER, Pa., and CHICAGO, ILLINOIS. my6-1m

DEAFNESS, BLINDNESS and CATARRH treated with the utmost success, by J. ISAACS, M. D., Oculist and Aurist, (formerly of Leyden, Holland,) No. 805 ARCH street, Philadelphia. Testimonials from the most reliable sources in the city and country can be seen at his office. The medical faculty are invited to accompany their patients, as he has no secrets in his practice. Artificial Eyes inserted without pain.—No charge for examination. my8-1ybm

SPRING STYLES for 1868.

A LARGE AND WELL ASSORTED STOCK OF

LADIES' AND GENTS'

FURNISHING GOODS,

AT REDUCED PRICES,

Just received at

McNeil's

(Successor to W. P. RUDOLPH)

TEMPLE OF FASHION

LADIES' DEPARTMENT.

In this department, which will at all times receive my strict attention, I have a well assorted display of

STRAW GOODS,

Dress Trimmings, Cloak and Sacque Trimmings, Dress Buttons, Gloves, Veils, Zephyr Knit Shawls, Nubias, Hoods, Sontags, Handkerchiefs, Fall Hats, Hat and Bonnet Frames, Velvet Ribbons, Corsets, Hosiery, and latest style Sacques from $2 to $30.

GENTS' DEPARTMENT.

Hats and Caps, all styles, from 50 cents to $10, Shirts, Drawers, Gloves, Neck Ties, Collars, Hosiery, and every article kept in a first class Furnishing Store.

HATS AND CAPS A SPECIALTY.

By promptly meeting the wants of all, I hope to meet with such patronage from the public as will enable me to keep continually on hand a large and well selected stock of first class goods. Whilst keeping up to the fashion in every article, I will also sell cheaper than the cheapest.

O. E. McNEIL,

Opposite Leister's New Building.

Huntingdon, Ap 21, 1868.

THE PLACE TO BUY

NEW AND CHEAP GOODS

FOR SPRING AND SUMMER.

W. MARCH & BRO.

Respectfully inform the public generally that they have just received a large and splendid stock of goods at their store in Huntingdon, consisting in part of

SILKS,
DRY GOODS,
DRESS GOODS,
BOOTS & SHOES,
HATS, CAPS, TINWARE,
LADIES' FANCY TRIMMINGS,
HOOP SKIRTS, BONNETS, BUTTONS,
WOOD AND WILLOW WARE,
QUEENSWARE, HARDWARE,
PROVISIONS, GROCERIES,
CRACKERS, NOTIONS,
TOBACCO, SEGARS,
GLASS, NAILS,
FISH, SALT,
&c., &c.

Also CARPETS and OIL-CLOTH,

And in fact everything that is usually kept in a first class store, all which were bought low for cash and will sold at correspondingly low prices for cash, or country produce, and request the public to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere, feeling satisfied we can offer superior inducements to cash buyers.

We respectfully solicit the patronage of all, and the public are cordially invited to examine our goods.

Everything taken in exchange for goods except promises.

WM. MARCH & BRO.

Huntingdon, ap. 15, 1868.

Agents Wanted for

THE OFFICIAL HISTORY

OF THE WAR,

ITS CAUSES, CHARACTER, CONDUCT AND RESULTS.

By Hon. ALEXANDER H. STEPHENS.

A Book for all Sections and all Parties.

This great work presents the only complete and impartial analysis of the Causes of the War yet published, and gives those interior lights and shadows of the great conflict only known to those high officers who watched the flood-tide of revolution from its fountain springs, and which were so accessible to Mr. Stephens from his position as second officer of the Confederacy.

To a public that has been surfeited with APPARENTLY SIMILAR PRODUCTIONS, we promise a change of fare, both agreeable and salutary, and an intellectual treat of the highest order. The Great American War has AT LAST found a historian worthy of its importance, and at whose hands it will receive that moderate, candid and impartial treatment which truth and justice so urgently demand.

The intense desire every where manifested to obtain this work, its Official character and ready sale, combined with an increased commission, make it the best subscription book ever published.

One Agent in Easton, Pa., reports 72 subscribers in three days.

One in Boston, Mass, 103 subscribers in four days.

One in Memphis, Tenn., 106 subscribers in five days.

Send for circulars and see our terms, and a full description of the work, with Press notices of advance sheets, &c. Address NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO. ap29tf. 20 South Seventh St., Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED.

1,000 *MEN AND WOMEN*,

To act as canvassers for a series of

NEW ENGRAVINGS.

FIVE BEAUTIFUL IDEAL AMERICAN FACES,

Engraved in Paris by the most eminent artists in the world.

For particulars and descriptive circular, address

L. D. ROBINSON,

ap22-6t 46 Main street, Springfield, Mass.

AGENTS WANTED

FOR

Men of Our Day:

Or the Lives and Deeds of Generals, Statesmen, Orators and Political Leaders now on the stage of action, including Grant, Sherman, Colfax, Sumner, Stanton, Sheridan, Yates, Curtin, Trumbull, Fenton, Buckingham, Wilson, Greeley, Wade, Morton, Phillips Farragut, Chase, Logan, Stevens, Beecher, Sewall, Boutwell, Dix, Hamlin, Fessenden, Howard, and others, with over Forty Life-like portraits of Living Men. Sold only by agents. Great inducements. Send for Circulars.

ZEIGLER, McCURDY & CO.,

ap1-2m 611 Arch st. Philadelphia.

CHEAP PAINTING.

ONE-THIRD THE COST OF LEAD.

100 lbs. of PECORA CO'S colored Paints, (costing $12½) will paint as much as 230 pounds of Lead and wear longer. For particulars address,

S. BOWEN, Sec'y,

mh14-3m 150 S. 4th St., PHILADELPHIA.

Cheaper than the Cheapest!

BARGAINS

AT THE

Mammoth Store

West End of Huntingdon, Penn'a.

We are now offering our immense and well-assorted stock of Goods, at thoroughly reduced, and unprecedented low prices; our superior facilities enabling us to compete successfully with the cheapest.

Our stock consists of Groceries, Dry Goods, Notions, Hardware, Queensware, Glassware, Willow and Cedar Ware, Table and Floor Oil Cloths, Carpets, Rugs and Door Mats, Crocks, Jugs, Stoves, Tinware, Iron, Steel, Nails, Glass, Putty, Oils, Paints, Drugs, Flour, Feed, &c., &c., &c., all in great variety, at prices that will not fail to suit consumers. We are also dealing in all kinds of Coal and Lumber, our facilities in these commodities being superior to any other firm in Huntingdon. We claim them as SPECIALTIES in our trade, in which none can compete with us.

We buy all kinds of Grain, Seeds, Flour and Feed, at the highest market rates, and give the highest prices *in Goods* for Produce of all kinds. Do not fail to call and examine our stock and prices, as both are sure to please.

HENRY & CO.,

ap15 Huntingdon, Pa.

NEW

WALL PAPER,

AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

I have now in store, and am daily receiving,

NEW GOODS

Of the most beautiful designs in

STAMPED GOLD FIGURES,

which, with the largest assortment of all grades of

Paper Hangings,

FOR WALLS AND CEILINGS,

I am prepared to offer at the

Lowest prices the market will afford,

To Dealers, Builders, Housekeepers, and others.

Also, a fine assortment of

Cloth Window Shades and Hollands

at reduced prices.

Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

J. C. BLAIR,

Bookseller and Stationer,

apl Railroad street, Huntingdon, Pa.

MEDICAL ELECTRICITY

BY

DR. WILLIAM BREWSTER,

M'CONNELLSTOWN, PA.

—:o:—

For the benefit of those proposing to undertake Electrical treatment for diseases we give in the following list a few of the more prominent and most common complaints met with in our practice, in all of which we are most successful. IN NEARLY ALL CASES OF CHRONIC DISEASE, ELECTRICITY IS A SURE REMEDY, AND IN ALL CASES BENEFICIAL, IF PROPERLY APPLIED. Those, therefore, afflicted with complaints not here enumerated, need have no hesitation in applying, and whether only RELIEF, or a PERMANENT CURE can be effected, they will receive replies accordingly. All communications free.

1 Epilepsy, Chorea, St. Vitus' Dance, Paralysis, Neuralgia, Hysteria, Nervousness, Palpitation of the Heart, Lock-Jaw, etc.

2 Sore Throat, Dyspepsia, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Obstinate Constipation, Hemorrhoids, or Piles, Bilious, Flatulent, and Painter's Colic, and all affections of the Liver and Spleen.

3 Catarrh, Cough, Influenza, Asthma, (where not caused by organic disease of the heart,) Bronchitis, Pleurisy, Rheumatism of the Chest, Consumption in the early stages.

4 Gravel, Diabetis, and Kidney Complaints.

5 Rheumatism, Gout, Lumbago, Stiff Neck, Spinal Diseases, Hip Diseases, Cancers, Tumors; (those last named always cured without pain, or cutting, or plasters in any form)

In a word, we propose to cure all curable diseases.

We have no connection whatever with any other Electrical office in this or any other county.

All letters address to

WM. BREWSTER, M. D.,

ja16'67 McConnellstown, Pa.

ELECTRICITY

1868. 1868.

CLOTHING.

H. ROMAN.

N

The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

[For the Globe.]

Connubial Felicity.

Mankind intuitively longs for connubial happiness, and why, because God has created us for each other's happiness. God when he made man said it is not good for man to be alone, I will give him a helpmate. Man's life would be a solitary life and a blank without female society; therefore God took from Adam a part of his own body, so that he could say she is now bone of my bone, and flesh of my flesh. Pure female society refines and elevates mankind; man must have something to cling to in the hour of adversity and trouble. Multitudes rush into the married relations without ever considering the solemn duties and obligations it imposes, looking only at the bright side of the picture, and not considering the trials and misfortunes that may be in store for them. They think happiness is to be obtained without any preparation or qualification for its attainment. How much then depends on this solemn step, and what feelings press upon the mind of one who looks upon it in proper light. The humble writer can tell something of the trials and afflictions of an experience deep and keen, having lost one of the best and loveliest of companions, and six dear little babes lying beside their dear mother in the cold grave, but their bright spirits are in the beautiful land of glory where we shall all meet to be separated no more forever. Insincerity at the bridal is a crime of the blackest character, and he who would tear a daughter from home and friends, and prove false to his marriage vows, would be guilty of the grossest crime; and she who would be untrue on such a solemn occasion would be unworthy the name of a virtuous lady. But where all is sincerity, confidence and love, happiness is present indeed, and will continue through life. Changes, adversity and losses cannot alter their affection for each other. Afflictions only bind them closer; for a good and true woman will bear more of life's trials and disappointments than man. The relations of husband and wife were established six thousand years ago, and has survived net only the flood, but every other change. It was then declared by the Ruler of the Universe, that man should leave father and mother and cleave unto his wife, and they should be one flesh as one body. The relations were not formed for mere selfish or animal passions; it was not established for mere sensual gratification, but for the attainment of high, holy and noble purposes. The vow made is to be observed at all times, amid all changes; and he is bound to love, cherish and protect and provide the comforts of life; for he who neglects to provide for his own household is worse than an infidel and heathen. I do not believe that a man is to be excluded from all female society because he is married, nor that it would be proper for him to cease the cultivation and enjoyment of all that is pleasant and delightful in friendship. Far from it, for they who would deprive us of our friends would rob us of our main pleasures, would take from us one of the chief sources of comfort, and leave the world without a gleam of sunshine or a ray of consolation. Indeed life thus narrowed down would be worthless and void of enjoyment.

The husband ought at all times to be tender and affectionate, and show that he loves her above all others; for naught else can compensate his wife for the sacrifices she has made, nor cheer her amid her many cares and arduous family duties. Harsh words, unkind looks, fault finding, anger and suspicion should be carefully avoided on both sides, and especially that worst of all evils jealousy, which has separated many a happy family; whereas, if they would be above suspicion, all would be charity and peace. Man is the head of the family. The husband's example will be followed and his words remembered; the destiny of immortal souls is placed in his care, for which he is responsible to his Maker to train them up in the duties of life, and his conduct in his family circle exerts an influence for good or evil. How important then that he be a sincere Christian; how necessary that he take them to the house of God, as his conduct be such as becometh an upright and honest man, and that he set up a family altar and gather them together to invoke the blessing and protection of Heaven upon his family, that when they are done meeting around the family altar, they may meet in Heaven.

MILL CREEK.

BUILDING ASSOCIATIONS.—A number of associations under this title have been formed in various prats of our State.

The Harrisburg *Patriot and Union* of a recent date, contains an account of their method of doing business which may prove interesting to our readers: In the first place stock is issued at $5 or $10 a share, and as fast as it is purchased the funds are invested in land, and houses are erected thereon, the mechanics belonging to the association having the preference in the employment of builders. Every stockholder can then lease one of the houses, paying a reasonable rent for it, and said stockholder can become the purchaser of the dwelling, his stock, when the amount is sufficient, being taken at par exchange for the house.

An endeavor should be made we think by the men of moderate means in our midst to establish an association of this kind. No man could desire more reasonable terms in the purchase of a good, comfortable home for his family, and all mechanics would avail themselves of the opportunity presented by such associations to acquire a home in which to shelter themselves and families from the chill blasts of winter, and which they will not be yearly warned to vacate, as is the case of those who rent from year to year, never making any provision for old age, sickness or death.

☞There is an amusing anecdote current about Lord Derby. It is said that a certain wine merchant persecuted the premier into testing a sample of wine, which was to keep off the gout, and that his lordship replied:—"I have tested your wine, but I prefer the gout."

JOHNSTON & WATTSON

TAKE pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Huntingdon county and vicinity that they have just returned from the East with a

LARGE STOCK OF GOODS,

Which they have just opened out at their new store,

ONE DOOR EAST OF THE WASHINGTON HOTEL

Their stock consists of

DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
HATS AND CAPS,
BOOTS ANL SHOES,
GROCERIES,
FLOUR AND FEED,
TOBACCO, SEGARS,
CANNED FRUITS,
HARDWARE,
CEDAR-WARE,
QUEENSWARE,
OIL CLOTHS,
OILS,
PAINTS, &C.,
DRUGS,
CARPETS, CARPET CHAIN,
FISH, SALT, CHEESE,
TRUNKS,
HAMS, SHOULDERS, SIDES, &c. &c.

They have a large stock of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

Consisting of SILKS, MOHAIRS, ALPACAS, POPLINS, LUSTRES, GINGHAMS, MERINOS, PLAIDS, DELAINES, &c., &c., &c.

Also, a large assortment of

DRESS TRIMMINGS, EMBROIDERY, HOSIERY, GLOVES, BUTTONS, &c.

A FULL LINE OF WHITE GOODS.

We will sell WHOLESALE and RETAIL.

All goods delivered to residences in town and depots, free of charge.

Give us a trial before purchasing elsewhere.

JOHNSTON & WATTSON.

Huntingdon, April 15, 1868.

READING RAIL ROAD.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT,
NOVEMBER 25, 1867.

GREAT TRUNK LINE FROM THE North and North-West for PHILADELPHIA, NEW YORK, READING, POTTSVILLE, TAMAQUA, ASHLAND, LEBANON ALLENTOWN, EASTON, EPHRATA, LITIZ, LANCASTER, COLUMBIA, &c., &c.

Trains leave Harrisburg for New York, as follows: At 3 00, 5 25 and 8,10 A. M., and 2 05 and 9,35 P. M., connecting with similar trains on the Pennsylvania R.R.arriving at New York 5,10, 10 15 and 11 50 A. M., and 3,40. and 9 35 P. M. Sleeping cars accompany the 3 00 a m and 9 35 p. m. trains without change.

Leave Harrisburg for Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Minersville, Ashland, Pine Grove, Allentown and Philadelphia at 8 10 A. M., and 2 05 and 4 10 P. M., stopping at Lebanon and principal way stations; the 4,10 p. m. train making connections for Philadelphia and Columbia only. For Pottsville, Schuylkill Haven and Auburn, via Schuylkill and Susquehanna R.R., leave Harrisburg at 3 55 P M.

Returning, leave NEW-YORK at 9 A. M., 12 Noon, 5 & 8 P. M.; Philadelphia at 8,15 A. M., and 3 30 P. M; Way Passenger train leaves Philadelphia at 7 20 A. M. returning from Reading at 6 30 P. M., stops at all stations: Pottsville at 8,45 A. M., and 2 45 P. M.; Ashland 6 00 and 12,19 a m, and 2,00 P M; Tamaqua at 8,30 A M., and 1 and 8 45 P M. Leave Pottsville for Harrisburg, via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Railroad at 7,10 a m. and 12 noon.

An Accommodation Passenger Train leaves READING at 7,30 A. M., and returns from PHILADELPHIA at 4,00 P. M

Pottstown Accommodation Train: Leaves Pottstown at 6,45 a. m., returning leaves Philadelphia at 5,00 p. m.

Columbia Railroad Trains leave Reading at 7 00 A M., and 0 15 P. M., for Ephrata, Litiz, Lancastry, Columbia, &c.

On Sundays, leave New York at 8 00 P. M., Philadelphia, 8 a m and 3 15 P. M., the 8 a m train running only to Reading; Pottsville 8 A. M., Harrisburg, 5 25 a m, and 4 10 and 9 35 p m, and Reading 1 00, and 7 15 a. m., for Harrisburg and 7 00 a. m., and 11 40 p.m., for New York, and 4.25 p. m. for Philadelphia.

COMMUTATION, MILEAGE, SEASON, SCHOOL, and EXCURSION TICKETS to and from all points at reduced rates.

Baggage checked through: 100 pounds Baggage allowed each Passenger.

Reading, Nov. 25, 1867. G. A. NICOLLS, *General Superintendent.*

HUNTINGDON & BROAD TOP RAILROAD.

On and after WEDNESDAY, MAY 13TH, 1868, Passenger Trains will arrive and depart as follows:

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

UP TRAINS. EXPRESS	UP TRAINS. MAIL	STATIONS.	DOWN TRAINS. EXPRESS	DOWN TRAINS. MAIL
P. M.	A. M.		A. M.	P. M.
LE 6 05	LE 7 45	Huntingdon,	AR 8 23	AR 4 52
6 23	8 03	McConnellstown,	8 03	4 31
6 30	8 10	Pleasant Grove,	7 55	4 24
6 44	8 24	Marklesburg,	7 40	4 10
6 58	8 38	Coffee Run,	7 26	3 56
7 05	8 45	Rough & Ready,	7 19	3 49
7 16	8 56	Cove,	7 08	3 38
7 20	8 59	Fishers Summit,	7 04	3 34
AR 7 36	AR 9 13	Saxton,	LE 6 50	LE 3 20
LE 7 45	LE 9 18			
8 00	9 30	Riddlesburg,	6 34	3 03
8 07	9 43	Hopewell,	6 27	2 56
8 21	9 57	Piper's Run,	6 13	2 42
8 38	10 14	Tatesville,	5 56	2 26
8 49	10 25	Bloody Run,	5 44	2 14
AR 8 53	AR 10 30	Mount Dallas,	LE 5 40	LE 2 10

SHOUP'S RUN BRANCH.

LE 7 50	LE 9 25	Saxton,	AR 6 45	AR 3 15
8 05	9 40	Coalmont,	6 30	3 00
8 10	9 45	Crawford,	6 25	2 55
AR 8 20	AR 9 55	Dudley,	LE 6 15	LE 2 45
		Broad Top City,		

Huntingdon May 13, 1868. JOHN M'KILLIPS, Supt.

B. J. WILLIAMS & SONS,

No. 16 North Sixth Street, Philadelphia.

LARGEST MANUFACTURERS OF

VENETIAN BLINDS

AND

WINDOW SHADES,

☞SELL AT THE LOWEST PRICES.☜

Blinds Repaired, Store Shades, Trimmings, Fixtures, Plain Shades of all kinds, Curtin Cornices, Picture Tassels, Cor Bell Bulls, &c. ap15-2m

HENRY HARPER,

520 ARCH ST., PHILADELPHIA.

Fine WATCHES, JEWELRY, SILVER WARE, and RODGERS' CELEBRATED Silver PLATED Ware, *warranted triple plate, on the whitest metal, at*

MANUFACTURER'S PRICES.

ap. 15, 1868.-3 mos.

ALL KINDS OF BLANKS,

Common Administrators' and Executors' Deeds, Mortgages, Judgment Notes, Promissory Notes, with and without waiver of exemption, Summons, Subpœnas and Execution, apl For sale at BLAIR'S BOOK STORE.

BEST BLEACHED MUSLIN always on hand at *CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.*

TO THE AFFLICTED!

AN ARTICLE OF REAL MERIT!

FOSTER'S

ORIENTAL

BITTERS,

A Remedy that has been tried and stood the test, not only in an occasional case, but in every community where used it has been pronounced the safest and most valuable remedy known for

DYSPEPSIA,
LOSS OF APPETITE,
WEAKNESS,
GENERAL DEBILITY,
PAIN OR CRAMP IN THE STOMACH OR BOWELS,
CHOLERA MORBUS,
HEADACHE,
NEURALGIA,
INTERMITTENT, OR CHILLS AND FEVER,
LIVER TONIC,
AND FOR ALL FEMALE DISEASES.

As an agreeable and safe remedy and an Invigorating Beverage it has no equal.

This valuable Bitters is composed of the essential properties of roots—the medicinal qualities of which have been carefully extracted. It is agreeable to the taste and does not leave that unpleasant taste in the mouth for hours after, that most medicines do.

As a Blood Purifier and Liver Tonic it has no equal.—It contains no calomel or other injurious drug, but is purely vegetable.

For Dyspepsia it cannot be excelled. It contains nothing injurious to the stomach, is mild and prompt in its action and effects a permanent cure by removing the cause of the complaint.

For Intermittent Fever or Chills and Fever this Bitters is a specific far better and surer than quinine.

No family should be without it as the cost is trifling compared with the suffering that may be avoided by having it at hand in case of sudden attack.

Weakly Persons use the Oriental Bitters.

Invalids use the Oriental Bitters.

Dyspeptics use the Oriental Bitters.

Females use the Oriental Bitters.

TRY IT AND JUDGE FOR YOURSELF.

Prepared only by

BUCHANAN & SMITH,

HUNTINGDON, PA.,

To whom all orders should be addressed.

Price $1.00 per bottle.

For sale by all druggists and dealers generally. mh25

DR. W. H. WITMOR

Has been in successful practice for a number of years, with the experience of the different Hospitals in Europe and America. Army and Hospital Surgeon during the late American War, continues to attend to all professional cases at his office,

No. 928 *Filbert Street, Philadelphia.*

No Patent Medicines are used or recommended: the remedies administered are those which will not break down the constitution, but renovate the system from all injuries it has sustained from mineral medicines, and leave the system in a healthy and perfectly cured condition.

DYSPEPSIA,

that distressing disease and fell destroyer of health and happiness, undermining the constitution and yearly carrying thousands to untimely graves, can most emphatically be cured.

MELANCHOLY ABERRATION,

that state of alienation and weakness of the mind which renders persons incapable of enjoying the pleasures or performing the duties of life.

RHEUMATISM,

in any form or condition, chronic or acute, warranted curable.

EPILEPSY,

or falling sickness, all chronic or stubborn cases of

FEMALE DISEASES

radically removed; Salt Rheum and every description of ulcerations; Piles and Scrofulous Diseases which have baffled all previous medical skill, can be cured by my treatment; and I do say all diseases [yes Consumption] can be cured by wearing my Medicated Jacket, which is a protection to the lungs against all changes of weather in all climates. Having investigated for years the cause and character of intermittents [fever and ague] in all parts of the United States, will cure permanently all chronic or acute cases of ague and nervous diseases in a few days.

Cancer Cured without the use of Knife, or Drawing Blood.

Tape Worm, that dread to the human family for years, can be removed with two or three doses of my newly discovered remedy, warranted in all cases. Consultation in the English and German languages. Will make visits any distance desired. May be addressed by letter (confidentially) and medicine sent with proper directions to any part of the country.

☞Office, No. 928 Filbert st., Philadelphia. [ap1-1y

JOHN BARE, W. H. WOODS, P. M. BARE, W. P. M'LAUGHLIN

JOHN BARE, & CO., Bankers,

Huntingdon, Pa.

Solicit accounts from Banks, Bankers & others. Interest allowed on Deposits. All kinds of Securities, bought and sold for the usual commission. Special attention given to Government Securities. Collections made on all points.

Persons depositing Gold and Silver will receive the same in return with interest.

Oct. 17, 1866-tf.

MONEY!

ECONOMY IS MONEY SAVED!

The subscribor is permanently located in Huntingdon, and is prepared to purchase, or repair in the best style, and expeditiously, broken *UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS.*

All articles intrusted to him will be returned to the residence of the owner as soon as repaired. Umbrellas and parasols for repair can be left at his residence on St. Clair street near Benedict's.

may2,1866tf WM. PENTIMAN.

LUMBER, SHINGLES, LATHS.

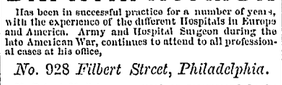
HEMLOCK, PINE BILL STUFF, Boards, Plank, Shingles, Plastering and Shingling Lath, constantly on hand.

Worked Flooring, Sash, Blinds, Doors, Door and Window Frames, furnished at manufacturers' prices.

Grain and country product generally bought at market rates. WAGONER & BRO.,

aug28-tf Philipsburg, Centre co., Pa.

SPECTACLES.



A fine and large assortment always on hand *AT LEWIS' BOOK STORE.*

COUNTRY DEALERS can buy CLOTHING from me in Huntingdon at WHOLESALE as cheap as they can in the cities, as I have a wholesale store in Philadelphia.

H. ROMAN.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for Goods at Lewis' Family Grocery.

EVERY FAMILY Will find at Lewis' Family Grocery, every article usually kept in first class Grocery stores. Call for what you want.

WHARTON & MAGUIRE,

HILL STREET,

HUNTINGDON, PA.,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN

Foreign and Domestic

HARDWARE,

CUTLERY, &C.

The attention of MECHANICS, FARMERS, BUILDERS, and buyers generally, is invited to the fact that we are now offering a BETTER ASSORTMENT of

HARDWARE, CUTLERY &C.,

than can be found elsewhere in this part of the State, at prices to suit the times. Our stock comprises all articles in this line of business, embracing a general assortment of TOOLS and MATERIALS used by CARPENTERS, BLACKSMITHS, CARRIAGE and WAGON MAKERS JOINERS, &c., &c., together with a large stock of

Iron, Steel, Nails, Spikes, Railroad and Mining Supplies, Saddlery, Rope, Chains, Grindstones, Circular, Mill and Cross-Cut Saws, Enamelled, Finished and Plain Hollow Ware.

Coal Oil Lamps and Lanterns, Oil and Powder Cans.

An excellent assortment of

Fine Cutlery,

Comprising KNIVES, FORKS, DESSERT, TEA AND TABLE SPOONS, SCISSORS, RAZORS, &C.

BRITTANIA & SILVER PLATED WARE.

Household, Horticultural and Farm Implements,

Of the latest and most improved patterns,

CONSTANTLY ON HAND AND FOR SALE

AT MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.

CARRIAGE & WAGON MAKERS

Will find a general assortment of material for their use consisting in part of

Carriage Trimmings, Hubs, Spokes, Rims, Axles, Springs, Nuts, Bolts, Washers, Malleable Irons, Patent and enamelled Leather, Whips, Tongues, Sockets, Shafts, &c.

BLACKSMITHS

Can be supplied with

ANVILS, BELLOWS, VICES, SLEDGES, HAMMERS, HORSE AND MULE SHOES, Horse Nails, and all kinds of Iron & Steel

CARPENTERS

Will find in our establishment a superior stock of PLANES, SAWS, AUGERS, HATCHETS, HAMMERS, FILES, CHISELS, HINGES, SCREWS, LOCKS, BOLTS, PULLEYS, SASH-CORDS, &C., &C.

MINING AND MINERS' GOODS.

NAILS and SPIKES, of all varieties BLASTING POWDER, FUSE, *COAL PICKS AND SHOVELS.*

Farmers

Can be accommodated with everything in their line from a Grain Separator to a Wheat-stone.

Builders

Are especially invited to call and examine our stock of BUILDING HARDWARE, and compare our prices with others.

Agricultural Implements,

Comprising the famous Russell Reaper, Mower, and Dropper, combined, Rundell's First Premium HORSE PITCHFORK, Rakes, Scythes, Hoes, Hay Forks, Trace and Halter Chains, Breast Chains, Cow Ties, Curry Combs, Cards, &c., &c., &c.

Among the specialties of our House, we desire to call attention to the celebrated

OHIO PUMP,

The exclusive right to sell which is vested in us. Send for acircular and get full particulars of same, and satisfy yourself of its superior qualities.

SCALES.

Scales of all sizes and descriptions, including *Tea and Counter Scales, Platform Scales, Grocers' and Druggists' Scales, Rolling Mill, Wheelbarrow, Pork, Portable, Hopper, Miners and Transportation, Hay, Cattle and Coal Scales,*

FURNISHED AT MANUFACTURERS' CASH PRICES.

The largest and best assortment of

GLASS, PAINTS, OIL & PUTTY,

Ever offered in this place.

A GREAT VARIETY OF

COOK & PARLOR STOVES.

ALL SIZES OF *NAILS AND BRADS,*

By the keg. Very low!

Best Norway nail, rod, bar an hoop Iron.

STEEL, of all sizes and descriptions.

WAGON-BOXES, CARRIAGE SPRINGS, IRON AND BRASS WIRE.

Lard, Lubricating and Coal Oil,

By the barrel or gallon, at very low figures.

☞A call is respectfully solicited, feeling confident that our goods and prices will not fail to please.☜

WHARTON & MAGUIRE.

Huntingdon, May 7, 1867.

Philadelphia Advertisements.

THE OLD ESTABLISHED FIRM,

J. J. RICHARDSON & CO.,

120 MARKET STREET, PHILAD'A.,

Is the Largest Manufacturing Confectioners and Wholesale Dealers in Fruits, Nuts, &c., in the United States. mh4-1y

$25 AGENTS WANTED. $25

We want first-class Agents to introduce our IMPROVED

STAR SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINE.

The cheapest and best Machine in the whole country. Extraordinary inducements to good, active salesmen. Particulars and sample work furnished on application.

A. J. DUMONT, Agent,

feb26-3m 630 Arch street, Philadelphia.

TO FARMERS.

PACIFIC GUANO COMPANY'S

SOLUBLE

PACIFIC GUANO.

The attention of Farmers and other consumers of Fertilizers is invited to this Guano, as worthy of their special notice. Its use for several years in Maryland, Virginia and other southern States, for all crops, has given it a standard character for excellence unequalled by any other. It possesses all the quickness of Peruvian Guano with permanent qualities not found in that article. 250 lbs of this Guano are found more than equal to 300 lbs of the best Superphosphates. It *ripens* the wheat crop from *five to seven days* earlier than the *phosphates*, which fact alone gives it inestimable advantages.

Liberal discount to dealers. For sale by

JOHN S. REESE & CO.,

General Agents for Pacific Guano Co., 28 south Delaware Ave., Philad'a, mh25-6m and 71 South street, Baltimore.

GOVERNMENT PROPERTY AT PRIVATE SALE

PITKIN & CO.

AN IMMENSE AMOUNT OF PROPERTY BOUGHT AT GOVERNMENT SALES,

Consisting chiefly of

10,000 SETS, NEW AND SECOND HAND HARNESS, BRIDLES AND COLLARS,

3,000 SADDLES,

All styles,

2,000 WAGON COVERS.

All sizes, new and worn,

5,000 *Wool and Rubber Blankets, and Horse Covers,*

MILITARY CLOTHING, GREAT COATS, FROCK COATS, BLOUSES, PANTS, SHIRTS, DRAWERS, &C.,

Also a large lot of Reins, Lead Lines, Buggy Ambulance and Cart Harness, Double Trees, Lead Bars, Portable Forges, &c., &c. Wheel Team Harness, little worn, all oak tanned leather, serviceable, cleaned and oiled, $5 per horse, including Bridle Lead, do $4, Ambulance or Stage Harness with superior leather Traces, perfectly suited for farm or general team work, double sets complete $25 to $30, Bridles $1, Collars $1 to $2, extra heavy artillery case, do $2.50 and $3, Double Rein $1.75 to $2.25, Halters $5 to $12 per dozen, New Officers, McClellan's Saddles $16 do, with plated Bit Bridle, $19, Cross Mounted Saddles, goodas new $9, with Bridle, $11, Boys Saddles $6, Wagon Covers, superior, 10 and 12 oz., Cotton Duck $6 to $12, 1000 Hospital Tents, new and good as, 12 oz. Duck, 14 feet square, $25 to $50, with and plans complete, Wall Tents $16 to $20, Wedge to $8, Shelter Tents for *Hay Caps* $30 to $50 per Grain Bags, 12 oz. Duck, 2 to 3 Bushel $ 10 per dozen, also full assortment of Seamless Bags.

Small order by express C. O. D.

Liberal deductions to Wholesale Dealers.

Pitkin & Co.,

(Formerly on Front street, now)

71 North Second Street, just below Arch St., PHILADELPHIA.

Also, 5, PARK PLACE, N. Y.

Descriptive price list sent on application. mh18-3m

No more Bald Heads!

No more Gray Locks!

DR. LEON'S

ELECTRIC HAIR RENEWER,

Is pronounced by all who have used it the very best preparation for the Hair. It is a positive cure for Baldness, eradicates Dandruff and Humors, stops the hair from falling out, and speedily restores Gray Locks to their original hue and luxuriance.

It operates on the secretions and fills the glands with new life and coloring matter. Thin, dead, faded or gray hair will always be brought back by a few applications, to its youthful abundance, vitality and color.

It makes the hair soft, glossy, fragrant, pleasant to the touch and easy to arrange. Dry, wiry and intractable locks become moist, pliant and disposed to remain in any desired position. As a Hair Dressing it has no equal.—The sales are enormous and it is a universal favorite with old and young of both sexes.

Sold by Druggists throughout the United States. Address all orders to

ZEIGLER & SMITH,

nov.27-1y *SOLE PROPRIETORS.*

137 Nth. Third St., Philadelphia

SPEER'S PORT GRAPE WINE!

Excellent for Females and Weakly Persons.

Used by hundreds of Congregations for Church or Communion purposes.

VINEYARDS—Los Angelos, California, and Passaic, New Jersey.

SPEER'S PORT GRAPE WINE, Four Years Old. This justly celebrated native Wine is made from the Juice of the Oporto Grape raised in this country. Its invaluable Tonic and Strengthening Properties are unsurpassed by any other native wine. Being the pure juice of the grape produced under Mr. Speer's own personal supervision, its purity and genuineness are guaranteed. The youngest child may partake of its generous qualities, and the weakest invalid may use it to advantage. It is particularly beneficial to the aged and debilitated, and suited to the various ailments that afflict the weaker sex. It is in every respect A WINE TO BE RELIED ON.

Invalids use Speer's Port Grape Wine; Females Use Speer's Port Grape Wine; Weakly Persons Find a Benefit by its Use; Speer's Wines in Hospitals are preferred to other Wines.

Principal Office, A. SPEER,

No. 245 BROADWAY, opposite City Hall Park, N. Y.

Sold by John Reed, and Samuel Smith, Druggists, Huntingdon. se18

The trade supplied by Johnson, Holloway and Cowden, and French, Richards & Co., in Philadelphia, and by Geo. A. Kelly, and Fahnestock's, in Pittsburgh, and other Wholesale Dealers.

628. HOOP SKIRTS. 628.

WM. T. HOPKINS'S "OWN MAKE"

OR

"KEYSTONE SKIRTS."

are the best and CHEAPEST LOW PRICED Hoop Skirts in the market. Trail Skirts, 25 springs, $1.00; 30 springs, $1.20; and 40 springs, $1.45. Plain Skirts, 6 tapes, 20 springs, 80 Cents; 25 springs, 95 Cents; 30 springs, $1.10; and 35 springs, $1.25. *Warranted to every respect.*

"Our OWN Make" of "UNION SKIRTS," eleven Tape Trails, from 20 to 50 springs, $1.20 to $2.50. Plain Six Tapes, 20 to 50 springs, from 95 Cents to $2.00. These Skirts are better than those sold by other establishments as first class goods and at much lower prices.

"Our OWN Make" of "CHAMPION SKIRTS" are in every way superior to all other Hoop Skirts before the public, and only have to be examined or worn to convince every one of the fact. Manufactured of the best linen-finished English Steel Springs, very superior tapes, and the style of the metalic fastenings and manner of securing them surpass for durability and excellence any other skirt in this country, and are lighter, more elastic, will wear longer, give more satisfaction, and are really cheaper than all others. *Every lady should try them.*—They are being sold extensively by merchants throughout this and the adjoining States at very moderate prices If you want the best, ask for "Hopkin's Champion Skirt." If you do not find them, get the merchant with whom you deal to order them for you, or come or send direct to us. Merchants will find our different grades of Skirts exactly what they need, and we especially invite them to call and examine our extensive assortment, or send for Wholesale Price List.

To be had at Retail at Manufactory, and of the Retail Trade generally, and at Wholesale of the Manufacturer only, to whom all orders should be addressed.

MANUFACTORY AND SALESROOM 628 ARCH STREET,

Between 6th and 7th Sts., Philadelphia.

WM. T. HOPKINS.

feb26-10m

ISAAC K. STAUFFER,

WATCHMAKER and JEWELER,

No. 148 North 2d Street, corner of Quarry,

PHILADELPHIA.

An assortment of Watches, Jewelry, Silver and Plated Ware constantly on hand.

SUITABLE FOR HOLIDAY PRESENTS!

☞Repairing of Watches and Jewelry promptly attended to. nov.27-1y

VERGNE'S IMPROVED

OIL.

A chemical preparation of Lard, or Lard Oil, neutralizing its attraction for OXYGEN—the source of gum, &c., and imparting to it (by chemical affinity) a property of ATTRACTION FOR METALS,

whereby it is retained, in lubrication,

CONTINUOUSLY PURE

from at least 25 to 50 per cent. longer than sperm oil.

BY BBL. $2.10; CASE, OF 200 GALLONS, $2.05 PER GALLON.

To provide against leakage, etc, and for the convenience of small consumers and retailers, the Oil is put up, in the required quantities, at an advance to cover the cost of the can, and a reasonable retail profit:

5 galls., square can,	- $12 45	Case, 2-12 Doz.	-	$21 80
3 " " "	- 7 02	" 2-12 "	-	15 24
1 " " "	- 2 71	" 6-12 "	-	10 44
½ " " "	- 1 46	" 1 "	-	17 52

Cans credited on return in order. Discount by case, to retail dealers.

SEWING MACHINE OIL.

The Oil is also put up as a Sewing Machine and Armor Oil, in 3 to 4 oz., (white flint,) 25 cents—packed in one doz., ¼ and ½ gross cases; in 8oz., 50 cents—packed in 1, 4 and 6 doz. cases; and in 24 oz., $1.00—packed in ½, 1 and 2 doz. cases; sold by sewing Machine agents, First Class Druggists, Grocers and Country Merchants. Orders received through the trade.

The winter standard of the Oil is 35° to 40° Fah't.

Oil in casks and bbls. subject to return and credit within 15 days, sample lots 30 days, after date of delivery, if not satisfactory.

Orders by bbl., &c., rec'd through Messrs. SMITH & CO Manufacturers' supplies. Market street; B. BULLOCK'S SONS, Wool, 32 south Front street. WM. SELLERS & CO, Machinists, and the PHILADELPHIA MACHINE AGENCY, 6th and Minor streets, Philadelphia.

C. B. DE LA VERGNE, AG'T.,

Branch Manufactory, 106 Callowhill St.,

PHILADELPHIA.

mh4-3m

JAS. E. CALDWELL & CO.,

JEWELERS,

NO. 902 CHESTNUT STEET,

PHILADELPHIA,

Manufacturers and Importers

Of every description of

FIRST CLASS GOODS,

belonging to the Business of

Goldsmiths and Silversmiths,

Have removed to their

NEW MARBLE STORE,

Extending from Chestnut Street to Sansom Street, affording ample room and convenient accessories, giving opportunity for a proper display of goods, and better means for their examination.

With extensive and favorable arrangements in this Country and in Europe, we are in a position to offer at moderate FIXED prices

Watches, Diamonds, Bronze & Marble Goods, Silver Wares, Jewelry, Porcelain, Plated Goods, Musical Boxes,

and every description of

FANCY ARTICLES.

Strangers visiting the city are cordially invited to examine our New Store. [mh4,68.-1y.

SPRING GOODS.

SPRING GOODS.

RICKEY, SHARP & CO.,

NO. 727 CHESTNUT STREET,

PHILADELPHIA,

Have just opened, and offer at

POPULAR PRICES,

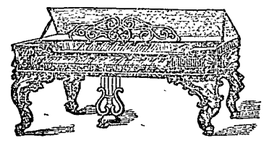
SPRING CHINTZES,
SPRING GINGHAMS,
SPRING DELAINES,
SPRING VALENCIAS,
SPRING ALPACAS, AND
POPLINS FOR SUITS.

RICKEY, SHARP & CO.,

727 *Chestnut street,*

feb5-1y Philadelphia.

MUSIC STORE.



MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS AND SEWING MACHINES.

B. M. GREENE has removed his Music Store, to the second floor of Leister's building, where he keeps constantly on hand STEINWAY & SONS' and GABLE'S Piano Manufacturing Company's PIANOS, MASON & HAMLIN'S CABINET ORGANS and CARHART, NEEDHAM & CO.S MELODEONS; Guitars, Violins, Fifes, Flutes; Guitar and Violin Strings.

MUSIC BOOKS—Golden Chain, Golden Shower, Golden Censer, Golden Trio, &c., &c.

SHEET MUSIC.—He is constantly receiving from Philadelphia all the latest music, which persons at a distance wishing can order, and have sent them by mail.

Also GROVER & BAKER'S Celebrated SEWING MACHINES—the only machine that, in addition to every kind of sewing, embroiders perfectly; sewing Silk and Cotton of all Kinds and colors for machines.

Persons buying Sewing Machines fully instructed in the use of them.

☞Pianos and Organs Warranted for five years.

Those wishing to buy any of the above articles are invited to call and examine mine before purchasing elsewhere My prices are the same as in New York and Philadelphia.

Circulars of Instruments or Machines, sent promptly upon application with any additional information desired.

B. M. GREENE,

Hill street, Huntingdon, Pa.,

may8,'67 Second floor of Leister's new brick building

HUNTINGDON

MONUMENTS. HEADSTONES, ETC.

MARBLE YARD.

J. M. GREEN & F. O. BEAVER

Having entered into partnership, inform the public that they are prepared to execute all styles of

Plain and ornamental Marble Work

Such as MONUMENTS, HEADSTONES, also Building Work, at as low prices as any shop in the county.

Orders from a distance promptly attended to.

Shop on MIFFLIN street, a few doors east of the Lutheran church mch6,1867

MARBLE YARD. The undersigned would respectfully call the attention of the citizens of Huntingdon and the adjoining counties to the stock of beautiful marble now on hand. He is prepared to furnish at the shortest notice, Monumental Marble, Tomb, Tables and Stones of every desired size and form of Italian or Eastern Marble, highly finished, and carved with appropriate devices, or plain, as may suit.

Building Marble, Door and Window Sills, &c., will be furnished to order.

W. W. pledges himself to furnish material and work manship equal to any in the country, at a fair price. Call and see, before you purchase elsewhere. Shop on the corner of Montgomery and Mifflin sts., Huntingdon, Pa.

WM. WILLIAMS.

Huntingdon, May 16 1855.

WINDOW CURTAIN PAPERS,

A LARGE STOCK

AND

SPLENDID ASSORTMENT

OF

Window Curtain Papers,

JUST RECEIVED

AT

LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

☞For School Books and School Stationery of all kinds call at Lewis' Book Store.

The Last Triumph of Success.

Mrs. S. A. ALLEN'S

IMPROVED

HAIR RESTORER

FAVORITE

HAIR DRESSING

New Style in one Bottle

will quickly restore Gray Hair to its natural color and beauty, and produce luxuriant growth. It is perfectly harmless, and is preferred over every other preparation by those who have a fine head of hair, as well as those who wish to restore it. The beautiful gloss and perfume imparted to the Hair make it desirable for old and young.

☞For Sale by all Druggists.

DEPOT, 198 GREENWICH ST., N. Y.

PRICE ONE DOLLAR

COACH AND CARRIAGE MANUFACTORY.

The undersigned respectfully informs the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity that he has completed all the necessary arrangements in the outfit of a first-class *COACH AND CARRIAGE MANUFACTORY,*

and is prepared to make to order and keep on hand

Buggies,

CARRIAGES,

Spring Wagons,

And everything in that line of business.

REPAIRING done speedily and at moderate prices.

☞BUGGIES warranted for one year.

Shop on Washington street back of the Diamond.

The custom of the public is respectfully solicited.

DAVID MENGEL.

Huntingdon, Mch. 26-6m

READ AND BE POSTED!

TO THE NEWLY MARRIED

AND ALL IN WANT OF

New Furniture, &c.

THE undersigned would respectfully announce that he manufactures and keeps constantly on hand a large and splendid assortment of

DINING AND BREAKFAST TABLES,
BUREAUS, BEDSTEADS,
WASH AND CANDLE STANDS

Windsor and cane seat chairs, cupboards, gilt and rosewood moulding for mirror and picture frames, and a variety of articles not mentioned, at prices that cannot fail to be satisfactory.

He is also agent for the well known Bailey & Decamp patent spring Bed Bottom.

The public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere.

Work and sales room on Hill street, near Smith, one door west of Ventor's store.

JAMES HIGGINS.

Huntingdon, Aug. 1, 1866

FURNITURE!

J. M. WISE,

Manufacturer and Dealer in

FURNITURE

Respectfully invites the attention of the Public to his stand on Hill st., Huntingdon, in the rear of George W Swartz' Watch and Jewelry store, where he manufactures and ke